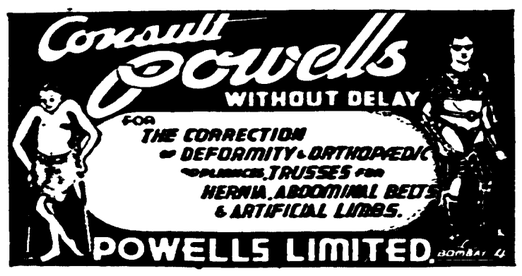
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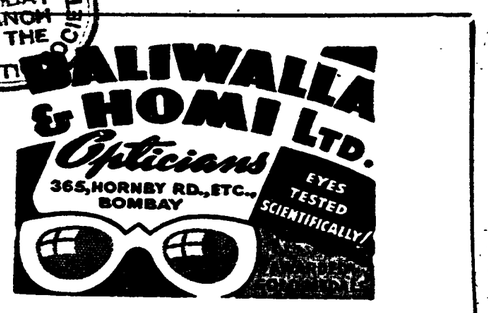
The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII NO. 85 | BOMBAY: MONDAY, APRIL 11, 1949 | Price: 2 ANNAS

THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY



No Dominion Status For Malaya?

WHITE PAPER TO BE ISSUED SHORTLY

Conference To Consider "Substantial Measure Of Self-Government"

BRITAIN TO WOO INDIA AND AUSTRALIA FOR MORAL SUPPORT TO "BIG STEP"

LONDON, April, 10 (U.P.I.): A White Paper outlining Britain's long-term policy of constitutional developments in Malaya is to be issued shortly, U.P.I. learns from a most reliable source.

The draft statement, now under discussion between Whitehall and Malayan authorities, is in main, a firm declaration to maintain, for indefinite period, Britain's control over Malaya. It is felt here that any promise now of major constitutional change would be considered admission of failure of British arms in suppressing Malayan "bandits."

But it is appreciated that an advance from the present position is essential owing to world's strategic situation. India Government's declared objections to colonialism as expressed by Pandit Nehru and the urgent need to conciliate Malayan Chinese business interests.

NO DOMINION STATUS

Therefore, it is expected that a promise will be given that the whole situation would be reconsidered as soon as normal conditions return in the colony and a Round Table Conference may be called to consider a substantial measure of self-government. Dominion status is not being considered.

The statement will stress overwhelming difficulties due to different racial elements in Malaya and will urge Malayans and Chinese to compose their differences and learn to work together in harmonious relationship. It will further point out that until the numerically almost equal racial groups are jointly able to safeguard important existing rubber and tin interests, Britain could not relinquish responsibilities.

WOOING FOR MORAL SUPPORT

U.P.I. learns that Pandit Nehru will be consulted on the statement before publication, as it is felt that both India and Australia should give moral support as a big step in the right direction.

MORE DEADLY THAN GERMAN V-1

MELBOURNE, April 10. (PTI-Reuter): A flying-wing guided missile, more deadly, more manoeuvreable and more accurately-controlled than the German V-1, is being developed by the Aeronautics Division of the Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Organisation, the Sunday "Herald" reported here today. The engines are expected to undergo tests late this year, and the missile itself to be ready for flight on the Woomera Rocket Range soon afterwards.

HAND GRENADE THROWN AT IPOH MEETING

Chinese Leader Among Five Injured

SINGAPORE, April 10, (PTI-Reuter): Five people were injured when an unidentified Chinese today threw two hand grenades at a Malayan Chinese meeting in Ipoh, in Perak.

One grenade seriously injured Tan Cheng Lock, leader of Straits-born Chinese and member of the Sino-Malaya Chinese Mining Association. His condition after an operation was reported to be satisfactory.

The other grenade was quickly picked up and made harmless by a European sergeant present.

Police fired at the assailant, who escaped on a bicycle.

10 KILLED AND 51 INJURED IN PUNJAB EXPRESS DERAILMENT

Official Enquiry To Commence On April 12: Eye-Witness' Account Of Accident

BANARAS, April 10 (API): Ten persons were killed and 51 injured, eight seriously, when the 18 Down Punjab Express running between Saharanpur and Calcutta was derailed in the early hours of this morning near Burna, about two miles from here.

THREE BOGIES CAPSIZE

GIVING DETAILS OF THE ACCIDENT, THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE OF BANARAS IN A PRESS NOTE TONIGHT SAID THAT OF THE THREE BOGIES WHICH CAPSIZED, ONE WENT DOWN THE EMBANKMENT AND WAS SMASHED TO MATCHWOOD.

"SABOTAGE IS SUSPECTED", THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE ADDED.

The ten persons killed included six members of the Shah family of Sheopur near Banaras all of whom had boarded the train only a few minutes before the accident.

BOLTS FOUND REMOVED

Six bolts joining two rails, it is stated, have been found removed. Investigations are proceeding.

All traffic between Benares and Pyzabad has been diverted to the main line as the railway track near the Burna bridge has been completely blocked.

A passenger travelling in the ill-fated Punjab Express said that "a majority of the passengers had a miraculous escape." He added that a party of 45 pilgrims returning from Ayodhya after attending the Ramnavmi Fair had a narrow escape although they were travelling in the bogies that were derailed.

Out of the nine bogies, one bogie and the engine which did not go off the track were later carried to Banaras Cantonment Station.

The eight bogies, either capsized or derailed, presented a grim sight. One of them had fallen from the embankment and had been broken into pieces Another had its roof blown off.

The passengere in the capsized bogies were pulled out through the win dows by other passengers.

A duplicate train substitute for the ill-fated Punjab Express (18 Down), was formed at Banaras Cantonment Station and it left at 10-30 this morning.

RAILWAY OFFICIAL'S STATEMENT

The Public Relations Officer, Calcutta Railways, referring to the accident, states:

"The Government Inspector of Railways Circle No. 1, Calcutta, will inspect the site of the accident on Monday, April 11 and will commence an enquiry into the accident on Tuesday."

NAMES OF KILLED PASSENGERS

The names of those killed are as follows:

1. A woman, aunt of Ram Pershad Singh, Mohalla Warahi (House No 604, Lucknow)
2. Sahadeo Narain, father of Brij Kishore Narain, Head Clerk, District Inspector of Schools, Patna.
3. Bhola Nath, son of Jamuna Pershad Chatri, Patna City.
4. Mohd. Ali, Father of Samsuddin Mohalla Biswal Kangaritola, District Sitapur.
5. Musamat Rama, wife of Baij Nath Pershad, Narain Park, Shiupur
6. A 50-year old woman of Shiupur
7. Maid servant of No. 6.

(Continued on page 6)

STIMULUS TO U. S. INVESTMENT

Nehru's "Very Wholesome" Attitude Welcomed

WASHINGTON, April 10 (UPA): The State and Commerce Department officials said todaf that India was taking a "very wholesome attitude" toward the question of foreign investments in that country, writes Stewart Hensley, United Press of America Staff Correspondent.

They opined that this would result in increasing willingness of United States financiers to provide development funds for India. Their comments followed Prime Minister Pandit Nehru's statement that foreign capital would operate in India under the same conditions as Indian capital.

The officials said that the statement was "most helpful" since it cleared up doubts concerning the scope for operation of foreign capital outside of the areas reserved for the government in industry.

Pt. Nehru's assertion that foreign capital would find no difficulty in getting its dollar earnings out of the country was also regarded as a strong stimulant to American investment.

Saharanpur Purses For Gandhi Fund

SAHARANPUR, April 10 (API): Dr. Rajendra Prasad was presented last night with purses amounting to Rupees 1,40,000 for the Gandhi Memorial Fund by various associations in Saharanpur.

BULGARIAN PROTEST TO BRITAIN & U. N.

SOFIA, April 10 (PTI-Reuter): The Bulgarian Government today published the text of three Notes bearing on the recent trial of 15 Protestant pastors in Bulgaria.

One protested to the United Nations against the proposed United Nations discussion of the trial.

The other two were addressed to Britain These rejected Britain's note of March 12, protesting that the trial infringed civil liberties, and replied to the British protest last month against the expulsion of Mr. Denis Greenhill, first Secretary to the British Legation in Sofia.

Mr. Greenhill was declared "persona non grata" by the Bulgarian Government as a result of evidence given at the Pastor's trial.

This note, quoted by the Bulgarian news agency, expressed surprise at the British suggestion that a member of the Bulgarian Legation in London might be expelled in reprisal.

The Third Bulgarian note complained of the "inadmissible tone" of the British protest against the Pastor's trial and said that the facts disclosed at the trial were "indisputable".

THREE PILOTS KILLED

NAPLES, April 10 (UPA): Three of five Italian Army planes flying in formation crashed yesterday in the Volturno Mountains during a training flight. Three pilots were killed.

Military authorities said the planes all American-made Mustang P-51s, crashed near Campobasso, within a few minutes of each other, after ice had coated their wings.

GAS BOMB TO DRIVE OUT EX-POLICEMEN

TEL AVIV, April 10 (PTI-Reuter): Israel Military police wearing gas masks today threw gas bombs to drive out more than 100 striking ex-policemen from Tel Aviv's Criminal Investigation Department Headquarters.

The former policemen, dismissed in a recent "purification" of Israel Government officials who served under the British mandate, were staging a sit-down strike in the police building.

The Government warned them to get out. The strikers ignored the warning.

Two and a half hours later military police stormed into the building.

INDIA'S POSITION IN COMMONWEALTH

Congress Executive Mandate To Nehru

NEW DELLHI, April 10, (A.P.I.): The Congress Working Committee which met here this morning discussed for nearly five hours India's position in the future set-up of the Commonwealth.

Asked about the nature of the discussion relating to the Commonwealth Relations issue, Mr. Kala Venkata Rao, Congress Secretary, described it as of "purely informal character"

It is understood that the discussion was preceded by a statement from the Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, on his forthcoming visit to London.

According to scurces close to the Congress High Command, it had been left to Pandit Nehru to work out India's policy regarding her future relation with the Commonwealth in consultation with the Congress High-Command.

The Working Committee will meet again tomorrow to hold further discussions on this issue.

There were four absentees at today's meeting, namely, Mr. Shankerrao Deo, Congress Secretary, Dr. P. C. Ghose, Mr Rafi Ahmed Kidwai and Mr. S. K. Patil.

WHERE A.I.C.C. WILL MEET

The permanent Secretary of the A.I.C.C. has: contradicted reports appearing in certain local papers that the meting of the A.I.C.C. scheduled to be held in Dehra Dun on May 20 and 21 will be held in Delhi.

The A.I.C.C. will meet at Dehra Dun as announced earlier.

'REDS' WITHIN 11 MILES OF NANKING

Heavy Shelling Of Government Positions Across Yangtse: Women Auxiliaries Among Communist Ranks

NANKING, April 10. (U P A.): The Military News Agency said today that a force of 10,000 Communists drove within 11 miles east of Nanking while the first armed Communist attempt to cross the Yangtze river at a point 175 miles south-east of the Nationalist capital was in progress.

It said the Communists, driving westward along the river bank from Yicheng, had reached Huachikuo, 11 miles east of Nanking Huachikuo is the only remaining major roadblock to Pukow, opposite Nanking, which is said to be tottering under Communist attacks.

The Agency said that Communist artillery at Huayang, 175 miles south-west of Nanking, was continuously shelling the south bank since Friday night in support of the first armed attempt to cross the river.

FINAL PREPARATIONS

Chinese Communist armies, with women auxiliaries in their ranks, were today making final preparations for crossing South over the Yangtse river "to liberate all China", the Communist New China News Agency reported.

Peiping Communist Radio said the troops were "crossing the Yangtse", but whether this meant they had in fact started to cross or would do so soon was not clear.

Meanwhile many refugees from North of the Yangtse, bewildered by the latest defeats of Government armies and increasing currency problems, were preparing to cross back to Communist-held territory.

Reports from Chinkiang, where a curfew was imposed last night, said a state of war tension reigned as Communist heavy guns shelled Government positions on the south bank of the Yangtse. Communist forces on the north bank opposite Chinkiang were reported to have encircled Shishweiwei and Luwei, both of which have been under attack for three days.

Despite the general Communist drive, Government circles were feeling more hopeful of a peace settlement after a night-long study of Mao Tse-tung's cable to Acting President Li Tsung-jen.

GOVERNMENT STAND

Meanwhile, it was reliably learned that the Government stand now was that the only punishment it would agree to in the peace settlement for the so-called war criminals was to bar them from participation in the coalition Government and that any other punishment should be deferred for a settlement by the coalition Government.

According to semi-official reports, the Communists, after pouring into Tahokuo, turned their artillery against the vital Nanking-Shanghai railway.

According to semi-official Military News Agency reports, heavy Communist attacks against the Nationalist-held area from Hankow to the Yangtze estuary in the east continue in unbated fury. These reports said that another five towns had fallen to the Communists—Yaochiatsi, Huangmei and Shishu, 45, 65 and 60 miles north-east and east of Hankow, and Tahokuo and Sankiangying, two bridgeheads 18 and 55 miles east of Nanking.

Attlee Accuses Soviet Communism

"RESPONSIBILITY FOR DIVIDING WORLD RESTS WITH RUSSIA"

Reiterates Faith In U. N. And Belief In Freedom Of Human Spirit

GLASGOW, April 10 (PTI-Reuter): Prime Minister Clement Attlee said in an outspoken attack on Soviet Communism here tonight that "the responsibility for dividing the world rests squarely on Russia".

The Premier, who was addressing a Labour rally in this great engineering and ship-building city, declared the Atlantic Pact was not aggressive but purely defensive. "Those who attack it as offensive do so from bad conscience". Mr. Attlee said. "They talk just the same line as the Nazis did when every attempt by the nations to get together was denounced as the encirclement of Germany."

MAKING WORLD SAFE AGAINST AGGRESSION

"We seek by the Pact to gain for the Nations a sense of security which they so ardently desire. We seek by the organisation of security to make the world safe against the aggression and by pooling of strength to reduce the burden of armaments.

"But the Atlantic Pact does not stand alone. We have also taken a leading part in seeking to restore economic prosperity to distracted Europe."

Marshall aid was welcomed by all the nations of war-weary Europe, the Premier said. "The countries of Eastern Europe wanted to take part, but after a slight hesitation the veto of Russia came down."

"We do not give up hope of reuniting the world, but it can only be done if the Communists give up their ideological imperialism, their attempt to bring the whole world into line, to confine every single person within the straitjacket of Marx-Leninism."

WHY SHOUT OLD SHIBBOLETHS?

What had been done in India, Pakistan, Ceylon, Burma and in the Colonial countries made no impression on those who did not understand freedom. They continued to shout their old shibboleths about British Imperialism, Mr. Attlee said.

In the last three and a half years, the British Government had "done everything possible" to make the United Nations work, the Premier continued, but the power of Veto, which, when it was put into the Charter, was regarded as a device only to be used in the last resort, has been employed by the U.S.S.R. "to block all progress, to prevent any action which was not completely in accord with what the Soviet Government wished.

FAITH IN U.N.O.

"I still believe that the U.N.O. can be made the instrument of enduring peace. I still hold that we need an effective world organisation, but I have to recognise the hard facts of the situation. If we cannot get an effective all-in collective security, we get what we can."

Labour's policy was "neither watered down Communism nor armoured Capitalism."

FREEDOM OF HUMAN SPIRIT

"We do not sacrifice the individual to the State with the Communists, or sacrifice the majority of the people to the liberty of the few with the individualist", the Premier said. "We believe that every individual human being has the right to the fullest possibilities of development. We believe in the freedom of the human spirit."

SOVIET CHALLENGE TO BEVIN

LONDON, April 10 (PTI-Reuter): Moscow Radio commentator Leonidov today challenged British Foreign Minister Ernest Bevin to quote "a single fact showing that the Soviet Union ever threatened Britain, or France, or the United States, or any other country participating in the North Atlantic treaty".

"No one in my country", he said in a broadcast in English," will believe that the British people, the ordinary man and woman of your country (Britain), desires to end friendship with the Soviet Union".

Leonidov said, one of the most solemn pledges given by the leaders of the British Labour party before they came to power was the promise to strengthen and develop British--Soviet friendship.

"It was Mr. Bevin who stated that firm collaboration with the Soviet Union must be the Labour Party's aim", he added. "Every one knows that this promise has never been fulfilled".

BEWARE OF HELPLESS ISOLATION!

India's Absolute Neutrality, Academic And Unreal Ideal, Says Anthony

CALCUTTA, April 10 (API): Mr. Frank Anthony, President of the All-India Anglo-Indian Association, told a meeting here tonight that Indian leaders realised that India's interests lay in continued association with the Commonwealth. It was inevitable at the same time, he said, that India should adhere to the resolution of the Constituent Assembly, that India should be a sovereign independent Republic.

Mr. Anthony stated that there were still some public men who could not get away from the slave mentality of the past few hundred years, and who felt that any association with the Commonwealth meant European hegemony on the one side and Asiatic subordination on the other. This was the result of an inferiority complex. It was right that India should stay clear of power 'blocs.' But in a world of alliances, the so-called absolute neutrality was an academic and unreal ideal which, in a period of need, might well prove to be helpless isolation.

NATIONAL LANGUAGE

Continuing, Mr. Anthony said that the Constituent Assembly had yet to decide what the National Language would be. He thought that English would not be the National Language. At the same time, he deplored an attitude of resentment or vindictiveness against English because of its association with past politics. Attempts to efface English without any uniform policy throughout the country to replace it and with provincial linguistic policies becoming more and more divergent would inevitably lead to linguistic and administrative chaos. That the best interests of policy of evolution and uniformity with regard to language and education would be served if English continued to remain the medium of instruction in the universities for a transition period of at least ten to fifteen years, Mr. Anthony concluded.

Stalin Prize Awards

MOSCOW, April 10 (PTI-Reuter): Stalin prize awards totalling 6,475,000 roubles were announced today for achievements in films, literature, music and the arts.

With awards announced yesterday for scientific and industrial research, the prizes amounted to 21,725,000 roubles divided among 1,045 people.

Today's list reflected the dominance in the cultural sphere of the struggle for development of truly national art, rejecting "foreign bourgeois influence."

The film "Court of Honour." which won a first class prize worth 100,000 roubles shows a scientists confession of error and final resolve to place Soviet interests before all else.

Godse And 5 Other Accused Shifted To Ambala

AMBALA, April 10 (API).—Nathuram Godse and five other accused in the Gandhi Murder case were brought to Ambala yesterday from Red Fort, Delhi. They have been lodged in the Ambala Central Jail.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD PLUS advt.-tax @ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

SITUATION VACANT

Wanted a person to look after the advertising Dept of a local paper. Only experienced and qualified persons need apply No 200, "Bombay Chronicle"

LIVE STOCK

Sick Dogs at Bellemont Kennels receive treatment and care as good as Human Beings. Phone 43245. (3936)

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Matheran—visit Lord's Central Hotel, with all home comforts Phone No 28 (3174)

BOOKS & MAGAZINES

Marriage Problems—For numerous photos, hundreds marriage proposals of educated girls 16-40 years consult Marriage Gazette, Sadar Bazar, Delhi. Yearly Subscription Rs. 10 -. (523)

FINANCE AND PARTNERSHIP

Experienced veterinary surgeon seeks financier for Goat-Farming, Poultry or Job Box No. 561, "Bombay Chronicle"

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents & Stockists For our newly designed U.S.A. Fountain Pens; just arrived. Write for samples and full Agency terms. R. K. Traders, 10503 Prashkhana, Delhi. (547).

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted Toilet Soap Making Plant Capacity 1 Ton (Daily) in 8 hours OR—1 Plodder 1 Chips Milling, 1 Mixing 1 Stamping and 1 Cutting Machine Reply "what make" and other particulars—Box No 4022, "Bombay Chronicle"

MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale— Complete absorbent cotton plant in working condition —Capacity 60,000 lbs. A month. Apply Box No. 3943 "Bombay Chronicle". (3943)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Shop at Decora for Italian and American tapestry fabrics, plain and printed everglaze American Chintz Czech cut and painted glassware etc., etc., 97A Queen's Road Bombay 1. (6778)

BUSINESS OFFERS

Worthy of purchases—favourable for wholesale and retail Tea Dealers High Grown Quality Tea of various grades available for sale at competitive prices—season favours all consumers—Fitting Opportunity for businessmen Terms and prices on application The Blue Hills Tea Company, Post Box No. 69, Mettupalaiyam, (Nilgris). 530

PUBLIC NOTICES

NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY

EMPLOYMENT NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for a post of Gate Sergeant for the Lallaguda Workshops

2. The sergeant will have to control the Workshops Watch and Ward arrangements and shall be responsible for the cleanliness of the yard and surroundings; he shall also exercise certain control over the Railway quarters.

3. Applicants must be literate in English and should be sufficiently educated to be able to submit concise reports. Age between 35 and 45. Considerable military or police experience essential.

4. Selected candidate will be appointed in the grade of O. S Rs. 231-12-351 and will receive in addition Dearness Allowance and other allowances in accordance with the rules in force.

N.B.—Indian Currency Rs. 100/- are equivalent to Osmania Sicca Rs 116-10-8

5 Applications should be submitted in the prescribed form only which can be obtained from the Personal Officer, General Manager's Office, Secunderabad, on payment of O S. Re 1/- either in person or by Money Order. Full name and address of the applicant must be entered in ink in block capital letters in English on the Money Order coupon on which also the post for which the application form is required should be clearly stated, otherwise the Money Order will not be accepted.

6. The last date for the issue of application forms is 20-4-1949 and the last date for receipt of application forms at the Labour Bureau is 25-4-1949

G SURYANARAYANA.
Personnel Officer.

Secunderabad,
d/-2-4-1949. 4006

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

THE BANK will be CLOSED on FRIDAY, the 15th APRIL, 1949 that day being a Public Holida (GOOD FRIDAY) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881

C W. MIDDLETON.
Secretary & Treasurer

Bombay, 6th April 1949. 4017

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that certificate of Title No. 1184 dated 9-11-45 relating to five 4½ per cent Redeemable preference shares Nos. 14835 to 14839 inclusive registered in the name of Talakchand Uttamchand and Bearer Debenture Bond No. 1477 dated 30-11-45 together with unpaid Interest Coupons numbered 1 to 39 attached thereto in the Auckland Jute Co., Ltd., have been lost and that application for the issue of Duplicate scrip in respect thereof has been made to the Company's managing Agents Messrs. Bird & Co., Calcutta, to whom objections, if any, should be made within one month from the date below mentioned. The public are cautioned against dealing in any way with these shares and the Debenture Bond.

4016

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

SEALED TENDERS IN B-2 (Item Rate) forms are invited from established and approved Contractors for the work of Constructing an earthen dam with core wall, Waste Weir and allied works at Dhumwad, Taluka Kalghatgi, District Dharwar, in connection with the Neerasagar Water Supply Scheme common for Dharwar and Hubli estimated to cost at Rs 36,12,000/-

2. The Contract documents as in the margin can be seen in the Office of the Executive Engineer, Karnatak Sanitary Division, Dharwar on any working day during office hours.

1. Drawings of Work.
2. Specifications of Work.
3. Schedule of Quantities of various descriptions of work
4. Conditions of Contract.

3. The blank tender forms with the above contract documents will be issued by the Executive Engineer, Karnatak Sanitary Division, Dharwar on payment of Rs 50/- per set upto 3 p.m. on 2nd May 1949

4 Tenders sealed and superscribed "Tender for constructing Dam etc. at Dhumwad" will be received by the Executive Engineer, Karnatak Sanitary Division, Dharwar upto 2 p.m. on 12th May 1949 and will be opened the same day in the presence of the Contractors who may be present.

5 (a) A Chalan for Rs. 36,000/- from any Government Treasury as earnest money for the above tender should accompany.

(b) A Solvency certificate or Banker's Certificate as regards the tenderer's financial stability to the extent of 20 per cent of the tendered value of work should be sent therewith.

6 The successful tenderer will have to pay Rs. 72,068/- as security deposit in cash and Rs. 1,08,102 - by deductions from bills.

7. The Contractor shall quote the rates in words and fugures and work out the amounts of each item in the Schedule "B" and give total at the end and in the recapitulation statement. No alterations in the form of tender or in the schedule of quantities and no addition in shape of special stipulations shall be permitted.

8 The tenders which do not fulfil any of the above conditions or those in the printed tender and are incomplete in any respect will be rejected.

9. Government reserves the right of rejecting any or all the tenders without assigning any reasons therefor.

G. B. MODAK,
B.E., A.M.Inst. C.E.
Executive Engineer.
Karnatak Sanitary Division.
Dharwar.

DHARWAR, dated 20-3-1949.

(3932)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for post of Manager, Experimental Spinning Mill in the Technological Research Laboratories, Indian Central Jute Committee. The post carries the salary of Rs. 800-50-1,000 and Dearness, House-rent and Compensatory (City) allowances as admissible to Central Government servants. The scale of pay is likely to be revised in accordance with the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission. The selected candidate will be entitled to the benefits of the Committee's Contributory Provident Fund on confirmation. Applicants should be a textile technologist with detailed knowledge of jute spinning and weaving processes and machinery and should have experience of relevant research. In addition to supervising the work in the experimental spinning mill the incumbent is required to supervise the maintenance of the various services, including two air-conditioning plants, and the Laboratory Workshops in which some scientific apparatus is constructed. A good general knowledge of electrical plant and mechanical workshop practice is essential Preference will be given to those applicants possessing a science degree or its equivalent. Applications stating age and experience and accompanied by copies of certificates and testimonials should reach the undersigned on or before the 15th May, 1949

(Sd') J. V. LAKHANI
Secretary,
Indian Central Jute Committee,
4, Hastings Street, Calcutta 1.

3986

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY NOTIFICATION

Repayment of loans due on 1st May 1949.

(1) 4 per cent Rs. 15 lakhs loan for Street Improvement Raised in 1909.
(2) 4 per cent Rs. 30 lakhs loan for the acquisition of sites for construction of various overbridges in the City raised in 1909-10.

Debenture holders of the above loans are inforced that the Imperial Bank Of India, Bombay, have been appointed Agents of the Municipal Corporation for the repayment of the principal due.

Debentures will cease to carry interest from 1st May 1949 and will be redeemed on being surrendered duly discharged at the Imperial Bank Of India, Bombay.

B. K. PATEL.
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 18th March 1949. 4018

DAMODAR VALLEY CORPORATION

NOTICE TO TIMBER SUPPLIERS

THE CORPORATION invites tenders for the supply of 2,75,000 cubic feet of deodar, chir or any other similar noncwarping and seasoned timber suitable for large scale scaffolding and concrete farm work, and also other varieties of structural timber.

Tender forms and other details may be had on application accompanied with a remittance of Rs. 5 in money order or postal order to the undersigned.

(Sd.) F. F. FERGUSSON,
Supervising Engineer (Construction),

Sectt. Building, P.O. Hinoo,
Ranchi. 3956

WASTE FOR SALE

AT SHREE RAM MILLS LTD.,

Waste Tender Forms will be available from the Office at nominal fee of Re. 1/- each. Tenders will be accepted upto 4 p.m. on 15-4-1949. 3999

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. JAYWANT KESHARINATH RELE alias RAVINDRANATH DINANATH KATVI of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, the sole surviving Trustee of the Indenture of Trust dated 6th February, 1936 and made between Dinanath Sadashiv Katvi and the said Dinanath Sadashiv Katvi and Others has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person or persons having any right, title and interest, claim or demand upon or in respect of the said property by way of sale, gift, transfer, trust, inheritance, maintenance, share, mortgage, exchange, lease, lien, charge, possession, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at 77 Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY ABOVE REFERRED TO:—

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground situate at Thakurdwar Road in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay with the messuage, tenements and dwelling house standing thereon admeasuring one hundred and ninety-four square yards or thereabouts and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 140, New No. 1242, Old Survey No. 456 and New Survey No. 7531, Cadastral Survey No. 412 Girgaon Division and by the Municipality of Bombay under D Ward No. 81 and Street No. 174-176 and bounded as follows:—That is to say on the East by the property formerly of Babaji Raghunath but now of Gulabrao Bhagwandas on the West by the property of Vandrawandas Vrajlal, on the North by the property of Purshottam Kanoba and on the South by Thakurdwar Road.

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Revival Of Sanskrit In Maha Gujerat

(From Our Correspondent).

RAJKOT, April 9.—The first session of the Maha Gujarat Sanskrit Sammelan which was to have commenced at Jamnagar under the presidentship of Swami Shree Krishnandji Maharaj of Gadhda on April 6 has been unavoidably postponed till April 15.

Its object is the revival of Sanskrit studies unfortunately neglected by the High School and College students of Gujarat, Kutch and Kathiawar, who betray a passion for Persian and French to steer clear of the pitfalls which honey comb Sanskrit Grammar as disconcertingly as they characterise Greek Grammar. Its promoters desire to bring about a revulsion of feeling in favour of a reverent study of the Sanskrit classics written by the master minds of yore, who were all great lovers of learning, admirers of beauty of farm and of thought, protagonists of a broader outlook upon life of freedom of thought, and, above all, of the claims of individuality. While insisting on self-expression in Sanskrit, the Sammelan will utter a note of warning to the neophytes against succumbing to the temptation of hanging a deadweight of pedantry, classical expressions, and knock-kneed Sanskrit verse round the neck of Gujarati letters.

SARDA MANDIR IN SAURASHTRA

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, (By Mail).

The organisers of the Sarda Mandir at Karachi in 1921, who migrated from Karachi to Rajkot during the catastrophic readjustments following the partition of India, have since March 31 resumed their activities at Mangrol, where they acquired a park extending over 108 bighas and a hunting preserve extending over 1000 bighas from the Saurashtra Government on a long lease.

The new departure in all round education created by the Sarda Mandir at Karachi had elicited the warmest appreciation from Mahatma Gandhi, Sir S. Radhakrishnan and other eminent men. With its head quarters now fixed on the countryside four miles away from Mangrol the organisers of the re-incarnated Sarda Mandir looked forward to enriching village life by reclaiming it from idyllic pensiveness. Accordingly they had in their sleeves a well-thought out project of developing agriculture, horticulture, apiculture, dairy farming, khadi-production and cottage industries side by side with reclaiming the present day "education by cram and emetic" from what Herbart called "the didactic materialism of schools."

Till the completion of the Sarda Mandir and its appurtenances, notably the residential quarters for the teaching staff and the students' hostels and the clearing of the hunting preserve for cultivation, the Sarda Mandir would start work in tents and huts and under the greenwood trees. The village industries organisation centre at Gadhada, the Sarvodaya Ashrams at Shapuar and Palitana and the Sarda Mandir off Mangrol bade fair in the fullness of time to become magnetic cares around which to align disinterested endeavours to improve the lot of the common man.

PATELPALI (Raigarh), April 10 (API): Pandit D. P. Mishra, Home Minister of the Central Provinces, addressing a Home Guards rally here yesterday, appealed to the Home Guards for loyalty and sincerity to Government and the country.

AYURVEDA IS PART OF INDIAN CULTURE & MUST BE PRESERVED

A.-I. Ayurvedic Conference President Deplores Delhi's Step-motherly Attitude

BARODA, April 10 (API): Kaviraj Hariranjan Mazumdar, presiding over the 36th session of the All-India Ayurvedic Congress here today, said "India will rise in the estimation of the world and our ancient glory will be preserved if we develop Ayurveda on a sound basis."

HERITAGE HANDED DOWN BY RISHIS

Mr. Mazumdar said that Ayurveda was based on universally adopted methods, reasoning with a philosophic background and approved experimentations. It was a heritage handed to us by our Rishis. Its status as a science was undisputed: various committees appointed by Government had acknowledged its worth

PART OF INDIAN CULTURE

Saying that Ayurveda was a part of Indian culture which must be preserved, Mr. Mazumdar appealed to Indians to devote their time and energy to research of this ancient medical science as they had done to master western medical science in the days of foreign rule.

Mr. Mazumdar regretted that the Government of India are "showing step-motherly treatment to the Ayurvedic science and are spending crores of rupees outside India for getting supplies of Western medicines."

The Government, he said, should establish Ayurvedic universities, research institutes, pharmacies, dispensaries, hospitals, libraries, museums and sanitoriums. Only after some years of sufficient encouragement could Ayurveda achieve that synthesis of all the medical systems suggested by the Chopra Committee.

CHOPRA COMMITTEE WENT BEYOND ITS TERMS OF REFERENCE

Dealing with the recommendations of the Chopra Committee, the President said that the Committee went beyond its terms of reference when it spoke of the synthesis of various systems of medicines. The Committee, he said, had failed to understand the true character of Ayurveda.

Yet the Chopra Committee's deport was better than other reports. It had recommended that an independent Council of Indian Medicine should be formed for the practitioners of indigenous system of medicine, that both the physicians of the Western and Eastern systems should be registered and no distinction should be made between the institutionally qualified Vaidyas and other Vaidyas.

In this context, Mr. Mazumdar urged a uniform rule for registration in all provinces. In Bombay Province, Vaidyas of other provinces were not allowed registration, he said.

NEED FOR THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF SANSKRIT

The President disagreed with the recommendations in the report that students selected for indigenous institutions should have ample knowledge of physics, chemistry and other "Western" sciences, but only a working knowledge of Sanskrit would suffice.

The Committee, he felt, had totally failed to realise that knowledge in the, philosophical texts (Darsanas) was essential for the proper grasp of the Ayurvedic principles. To get such knowledge, more than a working knowledge of Sanskrit and provincial language would be necessary.

AYURVEDA CAN ACHIEVE SYNTHESIS OF ALL SYSTEMS

Mr. Mazumdar concluded with the hope that given the encouragement it deserved, Ayurveda at no distant date would achieve a synthesis of all systems not only for the benefit of India but the whole world.

Mr. C. J. Sutaria, Deputy Prime Minister of Baroda, hoisted the tri-colour at a flag salutation ceremony this morning in connection with the All-India Ayurvedic Congress. The delegates to the Congress and some of the Baroda State Ministers attended.

Speaking on the occasion, Mr. Sutaria said that Ayurveda which had flourished with State patronage prior to British rule had since suffered much through neglect. The science was taught in the olden days at the great Indian universities of Nalanda, Taxila and Madura free of cost. But now medical education had become expensive and Ayurveda had become a neglected subject.

AYURVEDA SHOULD FLOURISH IN FREE INDIA

He hoped that in the changed perspective of free India, Ayurveda which was part of Indian culture would flourish and retain its ancient glory. Mr. Sutaria also emphasised the need for a Drugs Act and standardisation for the Ayurvedic medicines so that the public might take to them with confidence.

Maharani Shantadevi's Advice To Vaidyas

BARODA, April 10 (API): Maharani Shantadevi Gaekwar of Baroda today advised exponents of Ayurveda to incorporate into the system of the achievements of modern science in the matter of health and hygiene and not merely confine themselves to age-old practices.

Her Highness, who spoke after opening the All India Ayurvedic Exhibition organised here in connection with the 36th session of the All India Ayurvedic Congress, said Ayurveda was a true science and would live for ever. She said that the Ayurvedic Congress was initiated by the late Sayajirao Gaekwar of Baroda with the object of developing the system on modern lines. The system, she said, had always received high patronage from Baroda.

RECTIFY W. BENGAL BIHAR BORDER

Manbhum Parishad Meeting's Demand

CALCUTTA, April 10 (API).—Deep resentment at the recommendations of the Linguistic Provinces Sub-Committee that the question of readjustments of provincial boundaries in the North should not be raised, was expressed at a public meeting held under the auspices of Manbhum Parishad Organising Committee, was presided over by Mr. Atul Gupta, prominent educationist and jurist.

The meeting by a resolution recorded its support to the "Satyagraha movement' in the Manbhum District of Bihar, started by the district Lok Seva Sangh, and stated that "no time should be lost in rectifying the West-Bengal-Bihar boundary."

SAFEGUARDING CHURCH PROPERTIES

Calcutta Indian Christians Appoint Committee

CALCUTTA, April 10 (API).—Indian Christians at a meeting of the Y.M.C.A. here yesterday appointed a Committee to "safeguard Church and Mission properties of local congregations, to look into the present state of affairs prevailing in almost all the Indian churches and take necessary action for the welfare of Indian Christians in both West and East Bengal."

Speakers at the meeting, which was presided over by Mr. D. Gomes, said that after the attainment of independence of India, some foreign Christian missionaries were selling or otherwise disposing of Church buildings and other Church properties on the plea that money for their establishment had been contributed from abroad.

They added that Indian Christians and other Indians had also contributed to the maintenance of these institutions and possessed the rights of beneficiaries.

A.-I. Basic Education Conference

WARDHA, April 10 (API): The fifth All India Basic Education Conference under the auspices of the Hindustani Talimi Sangh will be held at Perianacken-Palayam near Coimbatore on May 7, 8 and 9. Dr. Zakir Hussain, President of the Hindustani Talimi Sangh, will preside over the conference

Many educationists, Ministers of Education and workers in the practical field of basic education are expected to take part in the conference, says Mr. E. W. Aryanayakam, Secretary, Hindustani Talimi Sangh, in a statement.

Along with the Conference, there will also be a Sarvodaya Exhibition.

A meeting of the Hindustani Talimi Sangh will be held at Perianayackenpalayam on May 6 under the Presidentship of Dr. Zakir Hussain.

"C. R.'s" Message For Lord Mahavir's Birthday

NEW DELHI, April 10 (API): The Governor-General, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, has sent the following message to the Jain Mittra Mandal on the occasion of Lord Mahavir's birthday to be celebrated here on April 11: "All the great men who carried the message of compassion and love to suffering and misguided humanity from time to time are waiting for us to respond to their call. May our ears be opened to the call of Sri Mahavira during the birthday celebrations and our hearts purified".

ENSURING INDEPENDENCE OF PRESIDING AUTHORITIES

Presidents And Speakers Of Legislatures Ask For Specific Provision In Indian Constitutton

NEW DELHI, April 10 (API).—The Conference of Presidents and Speakers of Central, Provincial and State Legislatures, which met here today, is understood to have recommended unanimously the incorporation of a specific provision in the Indian Constitution to ensure the independence of the presiding authorities in Legislatures and freedom from executive interference.

The Speaker of the Indian Parliament, Mr. G. V. Mavlankar, presided. All Presidents and Speakers of Provincial Legislatures, with the exception of the Speaker of the United Provinces Assembly, and the Presidents of the Legislatures of Mysore, Travancore, Cochin, Madhya Bharat and Saurashtra States were present.

SEEKING FREEDOM FROM EXECUTIVE INTERFERENCE

The Conference was held to consider the best means of achieving the independence of the presiding authorities in Legislatures and freedom from executive interference. The question whether this should be achieved by conventions or through appropriate provision in the Constitution was thoroughly discussed.

The Conference is believed to have come to the unanimous conclusion that though it will be necessary to have conventions also in regard to matters of detail, the fundamentals should be provided for in the Constitution.

The Conference is further understood to have expressed the hope that till the enforcement of the new Constitution embodying the proposed provisions, the various Provincial and State Governments will help the presiding authorities in developing the independence of the Legislature Secretariats. The relations with the Executive Government should be on the same lines as they obtain today in the Central Legislature.

The Presidents and Speakers will meet again in September.

THEY ATTENDED THE CONFERENCE

Among those who attended today's conference were: Mr. Ramkrishna Raju, President, Madras Council, Mr. J. Sivashanmukham Pillai, Speaker, Madras Assembly, Mr. Ramchandra Ganesh Soman, President, Bombay Council, Mr. Kundanmal Sobhachand Firodia, Speaker, Bombay Assembly, Mr. Chandra Bhal, President, U. P. Council, Mr. Shyama Prasad Sinha, President, Bihar Council, Mr. Vindhyeshwari Prasada Varma, Speaker, Bihar Assembly, Mr. Ghanshyam Singh Gupta, Speaker, C.P. Assembly, Mr. Iswar Das Jalan, Speaker, West Bengal Assembly, Sardar Kapoor Singh, Speaker, East Punjab Assembly. Mr. L. Borooah, Speaker, Assam Assembly, Mr. L. M. Patnaik, Speaker, Orissa Assembly, Mr. Ram Sahai, President, Madhya Bharat Legislative Assembly, Mr. H. B. Gurdappa Gouda President, Mysore Legislative Council, Mr. R. V. Thomas, President, Travancore Constituent Assembly, Prof. L. M. Pylee, President, Cochin Legislative Assembly, Mr. Daya Shankar T. Dave, President, Saurashtra Constituent Assembly, and Mr. Ananthasayanam Ayyangar, Deputy Speaker, Indian Parliament.

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OR

(ii) have passed the graduateship examination of the British Institute of Radio Engineers or have passed Sections A & B of the Associate Membership Examination of the Institute of Engineers (India);

OR

(iii) be in possession of Ground Engineers Licenses 'A' 'B' 'C' and 'D'

(b) Any special qualifications not laid down in (a) above will be treated on their merits.

PREFERENCE will be given to those who have been active participants in school and college games or have been in the Boy Scouts or the Officers Training Corps.

Candidates should appear in person at their own expense for preliminary interview as soon as possible. They should produce evidence of age and educational qualifications IN ORIGINAL. Candidates already in Government employment will be required to produce a certificate from competent authority to show that they have been permitted to apply and will be available on due dates for interview and tests and if accepted will be released for service in the R.I.A.F.

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A.C. 1

BOMBAY COLLEGE STUDENTS' FEES

Move For Enhancement Likely

BOMBAY, Sunday:

A move to increase the fees of arts and science college affiliated to the University of Bombay, it is understood, will be made in the next meeting of the Bombay Senate.

The increase in fees, it is learnt, will be made to meet higher administrative expenditure of colleges due to increased salaries of the teaching staff.

The Bombay University, some time ago, appointed a special committee to examine the finances of colleges. The Committee after studying the difficulties of many institutions to make both ends meet, appointed a Fourman sub-Committee to report on the question of increasing tuition fees of college students. The Committee, it is learnt, made a recommendation for an increase in fees of the students of all arts and science colleges. The medical, engineering and agricultural colleges of the province will not be affected by this move.

The rate of increase will depend on the amount of grant-in-aid given by Government from time to time.

ADVANCE BOOKING STARTS TODAY from 10 to 12 noon.

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Hindu: Chaitra Shud 13, 2005
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Hightide: 10-34, 22-52.
Lowtide: 04-27, 16-30.
MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 3 p.m. (B. T.).

To-day's Engagements

SILVERFISH: Music Concert at the Silverfish at 6-15 p.m., today.

INDONESIA LEAGUE OF INDIA: The working Committee of Indonesia League of India, will meet, at 6 p.m. today, at the league's office.

AT YOU TODAY: Mr. Adi P. Marzban will deliver a lecture on "Role of the Stage for the Betterment of the Society" at YOU today, Cama (Library) Hall, 6-15 p.m.

MAHAVIR JAYANTI: Mahasati Shri Ujjwalkunverji will deliver a lecture on "The Message of Lord Mahavir", at 9 a.m., today, in the Theatre Hall of the Hansraj Morarji Public School, Andheri.

ISLAMIC RESEARCH ASSOCIATION: The Association's annual general meeting will be held at Durbar Hall, Bombay Branch Royal Asiatic Society, Town Hall, at 6 p.m., today. The Hon. Secretary will give an account of his visit to the Near East.

EAU-DE-COLOGNE & ESSENCE MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION: A General Meeting of all the Manufacturers of Eau-de-Cologne & Essence, will be held at 168, Jatashankar Street, Dadar, and Sons, at 5 p.m., today, to protest against Government's Licence Fees, Duties, and to devise ways and means of protecting the industry.

BAISAKHI CELEBRATIONS, 1949: The Baisakhi Gurpurab, which falls on 14th April this year will be celebrated under the auspices of Sri Singh Sabha Bombay, at Khalsa College King's Circle, with the following programme: Akhandpath recitation will commence at 3-30 a.m. today (Monday), at Khalsa College Matunga.

Bhog of Akhandpath will take place 6-0 a.m. which will be followed by a programme of Kirtan, Asa-Di-War, katha, Lectures, Kavi Darbar, etc. till 9 p.m.

Chemical Godown Gutted

BOMBAY, Sunday:

Fire broke out early this morning on the ground floor of a building at Pathakwadi at Kalbadevi, where it is stated, some chemicals were stored up. It raged for nearly two hours before the fire brigades were able to extinguish it. The store of chemicals, however was completely gutted.

Radio

BOMBAY, Monday, April 11.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Shankar Rao Bhidlekar (Vocal music) 7-45 D. R. Nerukar (Tabla recital) 8-0 News (E) 8-10 News (H) 8-30 Mansenra Bhatt 8-45 News (G).

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
12-45 p.m. Hirabai J. Mistry (Vocal music) 1-0 News (G) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Dance Music.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)
from 4-30 to 7-45 p.m.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
from 8-0 to 11-0 p.m.

4-30 p.m. School Broadcast 5-0 Yeshwant B. Joshi 5-30 V. S. Dande (Vocal music) 5-45 Shankar Rao Bhidlekar (Vocal music) 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-30 G. S. Yellapurkar 6-45 D. R. Nerukar (Tabla recital) 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 Jyotsna Bhole (Vocal music) 7-45 Ghazalen 8-0 Mahendra Bhatt 8-15 News (G) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News Relay 10-0 Melody Trio 10-30 Arnold Eidus (Violin) 10-45 Mantzari Mavrokis.

VARIATIONS.
353 m. (850 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
7-45 a.m. News (E) 8-0 Jyotsna Bhole (Vocal music) 8-30 News (H) 8-45 Hirabai J. Mistry (Vocal music).

353 m. (850 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)
12-50 News (H) 1-0 Musical Interlude 1-10 Laker 1-30 Hirabai J. Mistry (Vocal music) 1-40 News (E) 1-50 Bahnon Ke Liye Women's programme in Hindi, Hindustani and Urdu.

353 m. (850 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
from 4-30 to 7-15 p.m.
31.48 m. (4,880 kc/s)
from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m.

6-0 p.m. Ratan Bai 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-30 Commercial News 8-0 News (M) 8-15 V. S. Dande (Vocal music) 8-30 Dano Ane Dukal 8-45 Shankar Rao Bandlekar (Vocal music) 9-0 Yeshwant B. Joshi 9-30 Ratan Bai 9-40 Talk in English 10-0 "Atma No Awaj" Drama in Gujarati by Vaju Kotak 10-30 Jyotsna Bhole (Vocal music).

BARODA, Monday, April 11.
250 m. (1,200 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Morning Variety Pankaj Mallick 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Champaklal Veragiwala (Gujarati songs) 8-30 Purushottam Ganomary (Khayal Lalit) 8-45 News (G) 9-0 p.m. News (E) 9-10 Pushpa Dalvi (Sitar) 9-25 Champaklal Veragiwala (Gujarati songs) 9-35 Gramjano Mate Programme for rural listeners 7-0 Nirmala Joshi (Marathi songs) 7-15 "Ghunghat" Feature in Gujarati by Rambhaoen Gandhi 7-30 K. P. Ankleshwariya and Party (Chorus) 7-45 Topic of the Day 7-55 Gandhari Hangal 8-10 Local Announcements 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Nirmala Joshi (Light songs) 8-45 K. P. Ankleshwariya and Party (Gujarati songs) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Story with Songs 9-45 Pushpa Dalvi (Sitar) 10-0 Champaklal Veragiwala (Gujarati songs) 10-15 Purshottam Gandharv.

ALL-INDIA RADIO, Bombay will broadcast a special programme on 'Mahavir Jayant' at 10 p.m., today (Monday). The programme can be heard on 353 and 61.48 metres.

LITERACY EXPERT'S TALK.

Dr. Frank C. Laubach, Literacy Expert, will broadcast a talk on "Campaign for Mass Literacy in India" from All-India Radio Delhi, at 9-40 p.m., today (Monday).

MR. K. M. DASTUR: Mr K. M. Dastur, well-known figure in the insurance field, has been appointed as the Life Superintendent, British India General. Mr. Dastur will shortly be flying to America for a special study in insurance.

FORTITUDE AND COURAGE, WATCHWORDS OF LIFE

Kher Applauds "Dufferin's" Training Principles

BOMBAY, Sunday. — "Education should help you to master any difficult situation you might face in life". Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, this morning told the cadets of the Indian Mercantile Marine's Training Ship "Dufferin" which he inspected along with Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Health Minister, and Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Minister for Labour.

In a finely reminiscent mood, the Premier spoke to the smartly turned out cadets, after a ceremonial march past where he took the salute, about his boyhood days when there were few opportunities to launch out on a life of adventure. "If only I had an opportunity as you have now," Mr. Kher said, "I might have ceased to be a landwanderer and roamed the seas which mean so much of adventure, care-free life and stoic indifference to misfortune and are so full of romance."

SOUND PRINCIPLES

The object of life was to meet its challenges, fight with adversity and face even poverty with fortitude and courage, the young cadets heard him say. Indians should make up their minds not to allow any one to be downtrodden or a slave. That was the meaning and purpose of the motto the "Dufferin" had held out for them through the years of its making and growth.

What he had seen of them, Mr. Kher stated, had filled him with hope for their future and the future of India. In the olden times Indian ships ploughed the seas, not imbued with any warlike intentions, but carrying the country's beautiful products and conveying the message of her great preachers. Those ages were different and today India required a navy to defend her 4,000-mile coastline. But India had no aggressive aims in any sense.

Mr. Kher expressed pleasure at learning that many of those who received their training on the "Dufferin" were now holding high ranks in the Royal Indian Navy. He characterised the principles of training adopted on the ship as "extremely sound."

The Premier paid tribute to Captain Superintendent M. F. S. C. Harvey for his "genuine desire to help India build a good merchant navy" and congratulated the training ship's officers on the work they were doing.

Captain Harvey took the Premier and the Ministers around the ship and explained the scheme of training that was being followed. At the hospital on the upper deck Mr. Kher chatted with an young patient who was bed-ridden with jaundice and wished his "speedy recovery."

"LEFTISTS MUST BE PREPARED TO TAKE UP GOVERNMENTAL RESPONSIBILITY"

Sarat Bose Visualises Collapse Of Present Administration

BOMBAY, Sunday:

Mr Sarat Chandra Bose, Founder-President of the Republican Socialist Party observed today that leftists would be soon called upon to take up the reins of Government.

Mr. Bose who was addressing a public meeting at Chaupatty under the auspices of the Bombay Forward Bloc made a prophesy that the present Government would face a crisis and collapse within a year if it continued its reactionary policy. "I do not ask you to overthdow the Government," he said. "It will collapse by itself." Mr. Bose argued that the Government would not be able to retrace its steps, because it was controlled by a coterie of capitalists and the collapse was "inevitable."

REPLY TO SARDAR

Replying to Sardar Patel, who claimed that there was no alternative to the present Government, Mr. Bose said, "the day the present reactionary government collapses, the leftist are prepared to shoulder the responsibility to run the administration." He made a fervent appeal to Leftist and revolutionary elements in the country to form a solid bloc against the reactionary forces and said that they would have to be prepared to take up governmental responsibility.

"This situation," he said, "may come even earlier than I can visualise."

The Government of Leftists, Mr. Bose went on, "would be more efficient than the present Nehru Government, controlled by a handful of capitalists. It would serve the interest of masses and be a "government by people, for people and of people."

The Leftist leader continuing said that Congress leaders and highly-placed ministers should cease to speak in the name of Mahatma Gandhi. When they had stopped following Gandhiji's teachings and were encouraging nepotism, corruption and profiteering and tolerating Police excesses, it was blasphemy to utter the name of Gandhiji. "It is a high treason", he added.

Mr. Nana Patil, the President of the "Patri Sarkar" of Satara during the 1942 movement said that the Congress had failed to bring a Kisan Mazdoor Praja Raj. He opined that freedom must benefit those who worked and suffered for it.

Mr. Patil criticised the recent report of the Three-Man Committee on linguistic provinces and declared that he would court jail in the struggle for a United Maharastra.

Mr. A. A. Madgi also addressed the meeting.

ARYA SAMAJ ROLE IN FREEDOM'S STRUGGLE

S.K. Patil's Appreciation At Anniversary Function

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay and President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, speaking at the 74th anniversary meeting of the Arya Samaj said that the Samaj had played an important part in India's struggle for freedom.

It had also contributed to the regeneration and awakening of Hindu religion.

The ideals of Arya Samaj, he said were high and noble; service of the people was its base.

He criticised those who were misled by Atheistic doctrine preached by the western atheists. He said that he was proud of his spiritual background and he had always faith in that spiritual knowledge imparted by the ancient scriptures.

He exhorted them to carry on the noble work for the service of the people.

Mr. Nagindas T. Master also spoke.

Concert For Gujerat Relief Fund

Miss Gool and Miss Naja D. Tata are giving a concert at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, on April 25, at 6 p.m. The Concert is organised by the Bombay Presidency Women's Council and is in aid of the Gujerat Relief Fund and the Rescue Home for Women of the B. P. W. C., under the distinguished patronage of Rani Maharaj Singh. Mrs. Jehangir Cavasvala has kindly consented to preside at the concert.

The programme will be very interesting and will include orchestral instrumental and vocal works of great masters—Mendelssohn, Mozart, Liszt, Hannel and others.

The concert is mainly given by the pupils of Miss Gool and Miss Naja D. Tata and assisted by the American Vice-Consul Mr. Paul Geren, Mr Egdio Verga and other guest performers in the orchestra.

The main feature will be the Foy Symphony by Hayda performed by over 40 children. The orchestral works include Athalie (overture) by Mendelssohn, Farandole by Bisset, Cortege du Sardar from the Caucasian Sketch by Iwanow. Mr. Paul Geren will sing Handel's Large and Negro Spiritual Songs and Mr. Verga will play an "Aria for Cello composed by Miss Gool Tata. There will also be Violin and Piano Solos and duets by talented young musicians—Barjor Vacha, (the famous violinist of Bombay) Jeeffe Divecha, Cyrus Panthakey, Roshan Bharucha, Rusi Vacha and little Kavas Dadachanji.

The tickets are Rs 5, Rs. 2/8, ground floor/ Rs. 3 and Rs. 2 1st floor. Re 1, ticket second floor unreserved. The booking is at:—(1) S. Rowe & Co., Rampart Row Fort Telephone 20095 and (2) at Miss Gool D. Tata, Jerangir Mansions, Hughes Road, Telephone 44910.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, April 10 (API).—The following is the daily weather summary for Sunday, the 10th April, 1949:—

A western disturbance lies this morning over the East and the West Punjab.

Thundershowers have occurred locally in Malabar and at a few stations in the Khasi Hills, Orissa, Mysore, South-east Madras and along the North Madras coast.

Temperatures were appreciably above normal over north-west India.

Forecast valid until the evening of 11th: Thundershowers will occur locally in southeast Madras coast, in Orissa, Chota Nagpur and Gangetic West Bengal. Local dust or thunderstorms are likely in the west United Provinces and the East Punjab and afternoon dust-raising winds in north Rajputana.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, April 10 (API).—The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st April 1949, and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours on 10th April, 1949:

Ahmedabad 103 78 0 0 0, Ahmednagar 103 70 0 0 minus 0.1, Allahabad 96 77 0 0 minus 0.1, Bangalore 93 72 0.1 0.7 plus 0.5, BOMBAY 94 78 0 0 0, Calcutta 92 74 0.1 0.8 plus 0.5, Delhi 98 75 0 0 minus 0.1, Hyderabad (Dn.) 102 75 8 0.3 minus 0.1, Lucknow 97 74 0 0 minus 0.1, Madras 96 81 0 0.9 plus 0.8, Mahabaleshwar 86 70 0 0 minus 0.2, Mysore 95 73 0 0.8 plus 0.7, Nagpur 110 73 0 0.1 minus 0.1, Patna 94 74 0 0 minus 0.1, Poona 100 66 0 0 minus 0.2, Sholapur 107 75 0 0 0, Simla — 57, 0 0.1 minus 0.5, Surat 104 76 0 0 0.

CONTROL ON EXPORT OF IMPORTED RAZOR BLADES TO GO

NEW DELHI, April 9 (API): The Government of India have decided to remove control on the export of imported Razor blades, says a press note issued by the Ministry of Commerce here today.

Indigenous Razor blades are already uncontrolled.

It has also been decided to classify lithographic varnish or stand oil, so far being treated as linseed oil, as a separate item for the purpose of export control, adds the press note.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DISPOSALS

RETAIL SHOP

THE SHOP will continue to remain CLOSED up to SUNDAY, the 24th APRIL, '49 for the purpose of stock taking.

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BI-COLATES STEARNS

The Bombay Chronicle

When the great intolerance of faith is lost, the secular robe of office has to supplant the sacred one, and society has to separate itself into secular hierarchies with secular uniforms and invest these with the absolute authority of a creed.

—HERMANN BROCH

COMMUNALISM IN THE SERVICES

At a time when the Government and the people alike are endeavouring to annihilate communalism in every shape and form and to build up a "casteless and classless" society, it was curious for a member of the Bombay Assembly to have moved a resolution calling upon Government to fix a percentage in all grades of various public services under its control for the recruitment of candidates belonging to the scheduled castes. Communalism in the legislatures and in the Services was a feature of the old regime, calculated, if not designed, to make the people communalists and hinder the growth of nationalism. The Constituent Assembly however, has given a severe blow to communalism by abolishing communal electorates. If seats are to be reserved in the legislature for any communities it will be expressly for a brief transitional period. The Bombay resolution asked for reservation even in the services and in all grades, without specifying any period for the privilege. A claim for the scheduled castes had at least this redeeming feature that they had long been socially segregated and thereby deprived of educational facilities and that some special inducement should be given them for a time when despite anti-untouchability legislation, they will continue to be subjected to some measures of segregation. But the resolution as amended and adopted by the House and even by Government asked for reservation for all backward classes or rather for the continuance of the reservation conceded to them these many years.

Explaining Government's policy in this matter, Mr. Kher rightly remarked that communal or caste representation had done a great deal of mischief in the past and that it would adversely affect the tone, the integrity and the efficiency of the administration if Government had decided to recruit candidates not on a communal basis but only on the basis of classes, namely, advanced, intermediate and backward. But what we believe is really being done is that certain castes and communities are classed as advanced and others as backward and the rest as intermediate. So ultimately the classes have communal or caste basis. It is only disguised communal representation and Mr. Kher's plea that candidates are to be chosen as far as possible on merits within the limits of this policy cannot prevent the inevitable loss of efficiency. It is best to be frank about it and put it down as a compromise, difficult to be avoided between the old and the new policy. It would be wise, however, to limit the reservation to a short period, say, of ten years and reduce the percentage of reservation every two or three years, all classes being entitled to a higher percentage by sheer merit. Less exception can be taken to the reservation of scholarships to promising students of the backward classes.

Easily the best way to ensure the highest efficiency in the services and at the same time aid the progress of the backward classes is to increase educational facilities, including scholarships for poor but promising students of all communities. Under the present system there are in the cadre of gazetted officers 14 persons from the Depressed Classes, 201 Mohamedans and 1,370 Brahmins. The distribution will soon be far more equitable if secondary education is made much cheaper than it is and liberal scholarships are provided to deserving students in all colleges. On the other hand, communal reservation, however disguised, will, by limiting or removing competition, weaken the stimulus to the backward communities to come to the front. The worst result of continued reservation which must mean subordinating merit to communalism will tend to perpetuating communal mindedness besides tampering with efficiency in the services.

Problems Of Censorship

Before it adjourned on Saturday, India's Parliament passed the Bill amending the Cinematograph Act which was pending before it since the last session. The Bill brings a much needed and welcome change in the system of censorship of films, as it is intended to restrict the exhibition to children and adolescents of films which would be unsuitable for them. Its commendable feature is that it had the support of the Standing Advisory Committee for Information and Broadcasting, Provincial Governments and the film industry. The amendment which the Bill seeks to introduce in the Act is obviously dictated by the principle that entertainment which would be innocuous to adults, may not always be harmless for children. The film is a popular means of entertainment and a powerful instrument of education. To children, at their impressionable age, it should be wholesome as both. Since as an entertainment and particularly as a commercial enterprise the film cannot as a rule be designed exclusively for children, the imposition of restrictions on the exhibition, to them of certain types of features becomes inevitable. The features which Mr. R. R. Diwakar, Minister of State for Information and Broadcasting indicated while introducing the Bill will be horrific, sex and crime films. Restrictions and classification of films as contemplated by the Bill though they will be new in India have been already resorted to by some countries including England.

The age-limit under which children will be restrained from attending shows of films of the specified types is fixed at eighteen years. Exception will be made in the case of children below three years of age if they are carried by mothers to cinema houses. In spite of the definite provisions made in the Bill, verification of the ages of children will probably be encountered as a major difficulty, but it should not deter the Government from enforcing a legislation which was needed in the educational interests of the rising generation. The Bill will necessitate the issue of two types of certificates such as 'for universal exhibition' and 'for adults only' and will thereby impose upon film censors the responsibility of selecting films for the two categories of certificates. Correct classification of films will however depend upon the judgment and sense of discrimination of film censors. Censorship which has been already stiffened, is likely to be complicated to some extent by the new procedure but we feel that the classification of films for the purposes of restricted certificate should reduce in the long run the possibilities of cuts in and wholesale rejection of films.

Censorship has been recast with the best of intentions, but it requires to be exercised with sufficient discrimination and leniency within reasonable limits and moreover in conformity with a uniform code. At present the policy, according to which it is exercised by the different Provincial Governments, is not concerted. Instances will be found in which a few films passed by one Provincial Board were severely excised or rejected by another. Sometimes censorship seems to be leaning towards a puritanical outlook or overshooting itself. Mr. Diwakar also admitted in Parliament on March 29 that producers were experiencing difficulties and inconvenience owing to the varying application of the censor code by different Provincial Governments. A Central Board of Film Censors, whose constitution is under the consideration of the Government will be expected to lay down a central and directive policy but it is still a thing of the future. Some action is called for immediately to formulate a concerted policy at least for the successful enforcement of the legislation for the issue of restricted certificate. The necessity of improvement in the standards of the average Indian film is stressed frequently by some of the Ministers of the Central and Provincial Governments. It is also admitted by the producers themselves but somehow or other they are not able to change their outlook and to react promptly to new conditions. Frankly speaking censorship alone however comprehensive and strict it be is not likely to be conducive to the achievement of the end which the Government and the enlightened section of the public have in view. A sympathetic approach and proper guidance are essential to canalise the production of the film industry in the desired direction. Producers themselves can raise the tone of the film to an appreciable extent if they will make a determined effort to present India's past and present and her cultural heritage in their proper perspective.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

The King (Abdullah of Transjordan) was quoted as saying that "Greater Syria" (the proposed union of Syria, Iraq, the Lebanon and Transjordan into one State) could "become a reality much sooner than is expected."

—Ankara Report.

* * *

Annoyed by India's decision, General Smuts says that India's claim to be an independent Republic and not under the British Crown but in some association with it "violated every concept of the Commonwealth".

Good.

* * *

"You are", argues General Smuts wisely "either in the Commonwealth or out of it".

Quite right. But, of course, you can be both in and out of the Commonwealth or Human Brotherhood at one and the same time.

* * *

Among the new diplomatic appointments made by Pakistan there figures prominently, that of Sardar Aurangzeb Khan, ex-Premier of the N.W.F.P. as Ambassador to Rangoon.

We wonder what unforgivable sin the Government of Burma is regarded by Pakistan to have committed.

* * *

An Ambassador to the Republic of Turkey has also been nominated, and Pakistan's choice has fallen on Mr. Mian Basheer Ahmad described as a "well-known politician, writer, poet and journalist of West Punjab".

The right man. He will politico-journalistise Pakistan in Turkey and on occasions write poetic eulogies of Turkey without mention of its secular character.

* * *

Addressing the other day a meeting of the Secondary Teachers' Association, our Premier, Mr. B. G. Kher, confided that "before the 4th of every month I run out of my funds".

Wherefrom does he borrow during the rest of the month? A tip, very privately communicated, will be very much appreciated. Thanks.

* * *

According to a Rajkot report, it is reliably learnt that the Maharao of Cutch is likely to be appointed the Indian High Commissioner for Pakistan.

Is it?

* * *

A Nanking informant is reported to have said that only a Communist change of heart can prevent a collapse of the talks which had been called to seek an end to the Chinese Civil War.

Incorrect phraseology. In the case of Communists it should be change of "Line" not change of heart.

* * *

BELGRADE, April 9: Marshal Tito today charged the Cominform with trying to start a civil war in Yugo-Slavia and compared this with the practices of "imperialists in semi-colonial countries".

We must say our liking for Marshal Tito increases every day.

INDIAN NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR CO-OPERATION WITH UNESCO

Educational, Cultural And Scientific Bodies Examine Constructive Programmes

NEW DELHI, April 10:

The Educational, Scientific and Cultural Sub-Commissions appointed by the Interim Indian National Commission at its first plenary session yesterday met this morning in Council House, New Delhi. The Sub-Commission for Education elected Professor Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan to be its Chairman, Dr. Zakir Hussain as Vice-Chairman and Professor Humayun Kabir as the Rapporteur. The Sub-Commission also elected Shri B. G. Kher, Bombay Premier, Mrs. Hannah Sen and Professor N. K. Sidhanta to be its representatives on the Executive Board of the Indian National Commission. The Commission examined in detail UNESCO's programme for education for the year 1949 prepared at the third general conference held at Beirut. The Sub-Commission resolved that the Director-General of UNESCO should be requested to interpret the constructive development of education, science and culture to mean both constructive development in under-developed areas as well as reconstruction in war-devastated areas. Important among the items which were considered in detail by the Sub-Commission were ways and means of improving text books and materials, imparting of fundamental education and adult education and education as a means of promoting international understanding.

Regarding the proposed formulation of a Teachers' Charter the Sub-Commission recommended that Central, Provincial and State Governments should be requested to improve the condition of service of teachers. The role of Universities in promoting international co-operation and the ways and means of associating young people with UNESCO's programme were also considered by the Sub-Commission.

CULTURAL SUB-COMMISSION

The Cultural Sub-Commission elected Shri K. M. Munshi as its Chairman, Madame Sofia Wadia as Vice Chairman and Shri Anil Chanda of Vishwabharati, Shantiniketan, to be Rapporteur. The Commission elected Shri K. M. Munshi, Shrimati Kamaladevi Chattopadyaya and Shri Devadas Gandhi to be its representatives on the Executive Board of the National Commission.

The Cultural Sub-Commission examined the cultural programme of UNESCO. Important among the subjects considered by the Sub-Commission was a suggestion to translate great Indian books for presentation to foreign countries, cataloguing of all literature in Sanskrit and other Indian languages and books published in foreign languages about India. The Sub-Commission also considered the possibility of obtaining microfilm copies of valuable manuscripts about India from abroad. The Sub-Commission adopted a resolution recommending the adoption of measures for the fusion of different schools of music, dance and drama which are prevalent in different parts of India.

SCIENTIFIC SUB-COMMISSION

The Sub-Commission for Science elected Dr. M. N. Saha as its Chairman and Dr. K. S. Krishnan and Dr. K. N. Bahl as Vice-Chairman and Rapporteur respectively. It also elected Dr. Baini Prashad, Dr. B. Mukerji and Professor K. R. Ramanathan as its representatives on the Executive Board of the National Commission.

The Sub-Commission agreed to UNESCO's general recommendation that UNESCO should effect a gradual transition from the reconstruction of war-devastated areas to constructive development of education, science and culture particularly in the under-developed areas. While agreeing to UNESCO's recommendation for its functioning as a world centre of scientific liaison, the Council resolved that the procedure for exchange of scientists should be clarified. It also recommended that UNESCO should adopt captions in Indian languages in scientific films.

The Sub-Commission set up a sub-committee to advise the Government of India on the proposal to set up the Institute of Arid Zones. The Sub-Commission welcomed UNESCO's recommendation regarding measures to popularise science annd suggested the setting up of a Section in the Ministry of Education to achieve this object.

The recommendations of the three Sub-Commissions were considered by the plenary session of the National Commission this afternoon.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Railway Employees Favoured

Sir,— Since the railways have been taken up by the Government of India, the railway service has become a Central Government service and it is being treated as such. When it was run as a private enterprise, no one could question the railway authorities for their special considerations towards the staff. Grains were supplied at a cheap rate, quarters were provided and free travelling of the staff were the main features of railway employment.

Now the Government of India has considered all these provisions under the Pay Commission's report and still more facilities are being given to the Railway employees. In all lower grade appointments, the salary is Rs. 122-8 (new rate) Railway servants get the same as other Central Government employees. In addition to this, the railway servants are being provided with free travelling and quarters, etc. Why is this special favour given to them alone? If the railway employees want pay equal to that of workers in other departments, why should they be provided with special concessions which others do not enjoy? Is this because they are working in railway? If so, why should not a Postal employee be given the concession to send his postal articles at a lower rate or free?

It is rather unjust of the Government to treat differently different departments. Why does not the Government of India take up a strong policy of unification and equalisation in all respects?—Yours etc.,

P. K. PADMANABHAN

The S. S. C. E. Board

Sir,—The reports that come to us from very reliable sources about the first year's working of the S.S.C. Examination are of an alarming character. One has to leave aside the report that the Chairman of the Board heard rumours about the leakage of the geometry paper in Bombay, gave an urgent order for printing 15,000 copies of a new geometry paper, and later on changed his mind and distributed the original paper. The 15,000 copies are now so much wasted material at a time when paper control has not yet disappeared.

Other reports come in rapid succession. Some time before the examination was to begin a number of people were asked if they would consent to be examiners. Some of them replied in the affirmative. No confirmation of the appointment has reached them so far and a few got the written answer books without being informed about their appointment. These are seeking advice as to what they should do under the circumstances. The examination in the matriculation subjects ended 10 days ago. The moderators in one or two subjects are solemnly deliberating in Bombay without coming to any decision, as they do not know so far the names of all the examiners. The examiners have not received many of them the answer-books. The results are expected to be out early in June. Some of the answer-books are evidently in transit from one place to another, uncertain about the particular examiners for whom they are intended. There are over 50,000 students whose papers answered in a variety of languages are in search of the particular examiners for whom they are intended.

The Board which was born only a few months ago, was evidently expected by its sponsors to walk, instead of first crawling on all fours. It might well have passed through a period of nursing and parental help by the University. Even now it is not too late. One of the Syndics of the University has told us of the many ways in which the University has already helped the Board. If confusion is not to be worse confounded, and a serious breakdown is yet to be avoided, may we not appeal to the Chairman of the Board to seek the help of the University in time? We need not be in search of scapegoats. If our imagination is not to run away with us in the hunt for R.S.S. people and Communists in or outside the Board, reason can still prevail and with the help of the University the bewildered administrative machinery of the Board can be saved by the Chairman from sinking still further into the morass. I have known the University administrative machinery at work for 30 years and more; and their sense of what they owe to the student-community will make the University spontaneously respond to an appeal for help and co-operation.

One thing more. The S.S.C.E. Board was brought to birth by its sponsors with the heartening pride that henceforth the matriculation examination was to cease to be a nightmare, and that it would no longer be responsible for the enormous wastage of the talents of boys and girls who were lured by the false glamour and prestige of an examination that served no purpose but that of an entrance test to the University. It is significant that more than 90 per cent of the 50,000 students this year who have appeared for the S.S.C. Examination have offered the very subjects which would secure them entrance to the University. All the other options have been practically vetoed. Was this the kind of result for which so much jubilation, so much legislation, so many nominations and elections, and so much confusion and blundering on all sides was necessary? Marry in haste and repent at leisure is true perhaps not only of the lovers of physical forms but of the lovers of ideas as well. If Balzac's lover found himself in the end embracing a lamp post, there is a possibility that the lovers of the S.S.C.E. Board may get as great, if not a worse disillusionment.—Yours, etc.,

P. A. WADIA.

Akola Letter

RAISING HUMANITY TO HIGHER LEVELS

Berar Congress Chief On Object Of Gandhi Memorial Fund

(From Our Correspondent)

AKOLA, April 7.—Dr. Keswar, Deputy Minister of the Central cabinet will inaugurate the Buldana District Congress Parishad on 8th May, it is learnt. Mr. Brijlal Biyani will be presiding over the Yeotmal District Congress Parishad which will be inaugurated by Shri Kala Venkatarao General Secretary All India Congress Committee, it is gathered.

"Every pie paid towards the Gandhi Memorial Fund was paid not only to perpetuate the memory of Mahatma Gandhi but to lay the foundations of a new order of society and to raise humanity to higher levels in every walk of life," observed Shri Brijlal Biyani, President of Berar Provincial Gandhi Memorial Fund Committee addressing a joint meeting of the Provincial 'Nidhi' Committee and Office Bearers of all the district, Taluo and Nagar Committees, at Akola.

"It was a donation paid towards making the world more beautiful humane and full of brotherhood. It was not a donation but an investment for the good of the future generation," he added.

Over sixty persons attended the meeting. Four resolutions were passed and it was decided to devote the month of April to vigorous collection work. It was hoped fervently that Berar would not lag behind in this work.

OPPOSITION TO HINDU CODE BILL

Opposition to the Hindu Code Bill was voiced at a meeting held at Amraoti at Ramanagar under the presidentship of Shri B. G. Khaparde. The meeting passed a resolution stating that the bill should not be passed at present by the Dominion Parliament as it was detrimental to the cultural and religious interests of the Hindu Community.

FIRE IN GODOWN

News received from Chandur Railway states that a huge fire broke out in the oil-cakes godown of Haji Kasam Oil Mills. The damage is estimated to be over two lacs.

LOANS TO AGRICULTURISTS

In addition to the large scale suspension of land revenue, the C.P. and Berar Government have been granting liberal taccavi loans to the agriculturists in cotton and Juar tracts, where khariff crops were damaged. The first taccavi announcements show that in the seven affected areas a huge sum of Rs. 40,50,000 has been allotted under the Agriculturists' Loan Act for disbursement to the needy agriculturists as Khariff taccavi.

COMPULSORY P. T. FOR WOMEN STUDENTS

I understand that a proposal is to be brought before the Nagpur University Executive Council to make the Physical Training a compulsory subject for all women students studying in the Central College for Women and in other colleges as well. The Principals of the affiliated colleges are being requested to hold P. T. classes for their women students at any convenient hour of the day. The Physical Instructors who teach the boys, some are of the opinion, could also take the women's classes in Physical Training.

It is reliably learnt that Provisioning of foodgrains scheme will be introduced very shortly in all the tour of Berar. Preparation of ration-cards and allocation of shops are being made. It is expected that this will act as an effective check over the sky-rocketting prices and will bring some relief to the lower strata of society.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

The Logic Of Smuts

General Smuts' views on the Commonwealth are revealing. The South African leader has come forward as the champion of the Commonwealth-as-it-is. General Smuts was particularly illuminating on the place of the King or the Crown in the Commonwealth. Stating that "you are either in the Commonwealth or out of it" this veteran Empire statesman observed "Strike out the King and the rest disappears—common allegiance, common status, and the friendly and intimate sentiment which animates the Commonwealth as a whole". There is nothing like audacity for carrying through an absolutely false statement but we doubt very much if General Smuts can get away with this observation. It is the Crown which helps the lazy and the reactionary to put aside all serious discussion regarding "common allegiance, common status" and the rest. Common allegiance by all means but to what? Not to an empty symbol of an absolute idea. If the Crown could be invested with the ideals of equality, unity and peace, there might be no need to dispense with it. But can it? So far all the signs indicate that it is not possible. General Smuts is right when he says that, if the Crown goes, positions will have to be clearly defined. But he is wrong in regarding such a definition as not only unnecessary but even undesirable. After all, if the Crown can be interpreted widely enough to cover British support of Dutch aggression, and India's support of Indonesia, the South African persecution of Indians and Africans, and India's vigorous denunciation of it, and Britain's equivocal attitude; then surely the inference is permissible that the Crown is no longer a uniting link which represents any principle and that the sooner it is substituted by principles commonly accepted by Commonwealth countries, the better it would be for Commonwealth growth.

Shops And Establishments Act

It appears that some difficulties have come to light in the working of the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act of 1948. This Act replaced a similar one of 1939 which gave much needed relief to the hard-worked men in shops and establishments. But as these concerns are of numerous types and uniform rules cannot apply to all, certain variations and exemptions were found necessary and embodied in the Act of 1948. The Act was made elastic enough to enable Government to provide for necessary exemptions for any concerns from some or all of its provisions without fresh legislative amendment. Government has decided to convene conferences in Bombay and Ahmedabad to consider difficulties about the working of the Act with special reference to exemptions. And those who have suggestions to offer have been invited to offer them to Government by April 18. There has been much vague criticism of this Act. Now it can be improved by constructive suggestions.

Wanted Investigation

It is remarkable that the Bombay Municipal Corporation has unanimously passed a resolution demanding nationalisation of the steamer service on the Konkan Coast. The provocation for this emphatic and unanimous demand is the recent decision of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company to raise the passenger fares of its steamers on this coast suddenly by 50 per cent. Mr. M. A. Master, General Manager of the company, has defended the increase as being inevitable as a result of "the enormous increase in the cost of operations in all directions." This is not quite consistent with the statement made by the mover of the resolution in the Corporation that in 1946-47 the company had made a profit of about Rs. 22 lakhs and in 1947-48 of Rs. 40 lakhs. Nationalisation of the Konkan service may be a long time in coming. So Corporation's resolution also demands that the increased fares should be immediately reduced to the level existing on March 31. The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee too has passed a resolution urging Government to stay the action of the companies concerned and "forthwith to order an investigation into the rates of the companies." This is the least that Government should do and it should do it immediately.

Soviet Counter-Proposals

In the United Nations Political Committee's debate on colonies, M. Andrei Gromyko, the Soviet delegate, rejected British and American proposals for the disposals of the Italian colonies. This was, of course, expected. Nor was M. Gromyko's denunciation of the Anglo-American proposals unjust or incorrect. The U.S., Britain and France are not quite free from the charge of having "blatantly violated" the terms of the Italian Peace Treaty on the question of the colonies. And certainly "these governments have fully ignored the desires of the peoples of the Italian colonies." But is the Soviet Union innocent of all these charges? M. Gromyko's counter-suggestion is that the Italian colonies should be placed under the Trusteeship not of separate Powers but of a United Nations body, on which Italy too should be represented. The concession to Italy is a "blatant violation of the terms of the Italian Peace Treaty. And what M. Gromyko suggests in place of individual masters is a collection of several masters including the Soviet Union for the unfortunate colonies. This too is "fully ignoring the desires of the people", who want no master or masters but freedom. The Soviet strategy is only a counter move. The Soviet Union wants to be there along with its rivals. But a wrong cannot be cancelled or nullified by another wrong. And two wrongs do not add up to justice or respect for the desires of the people. The Soviet counter-proposals only confirm the fact that the Italian colonies and the inhabitants are being cynically exploited in the game of power politics.

GARDEN AT A

My white Thunder Lilies are just beginning to come into flower. Since last monsoon, only the long narrow leaves have been visible, but directly the weather began to get hot, the first buds appeared from the bulbs, and soon the attractive white flowers opened up in the sunshine. The white ones always come out in the hot weather preceding the rains, but with the first showers, the pink and yellow varieties also come into flower. Thunder Lilies grow easily from seed, and the bulbs spread rapidly. This is very fortunate, for during the monsoon the plants are attacked by a moth which lays its eggs on the leaves. The caterpillars, which are black and velvety with red and white markings, not only eat the leaves, flowers and buds, but, if not checked, attack the bulbs as well before they at last pupate. The plants need constant vigilance if they are to be saved from these caterpillars.

D. R.

Amarnath Suspended From Playing In India

MISBEHAVIOUR AND INDISCIPLINE DURING WEST INDIES' VISIT

Phadkar To Be Sent To England For Two-Month Training: Time Limit For Ranji Trophy Matches

BOMBAY, April 10 (API): Lala Amarnath, Indian Test Captain, has been suspended from playing representative cricket for India or any Province for continued misbehaviour and breach of discipline.

This decision was arrived at an extraordinary general body meeting of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, which met here today under the presidentship of Mr A. S. de Mello.

The President brought to the notice of the Board the "unwarranted misbehaviour" by Amarnath during the recent tour of India by the West Indies cricket team culminating in an interview to the Press at Lucknow last week, criticising the Board of Control.

After prolonged discussion the Board, emphasising the fact that no indiscipline should be allowed in Indian cricket, decided to inform Amarnath that he had been suspended from playing in any representative cricket for India or for any Province in India.

Mr A S De Mello, President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, placed before the Board here today a provisional itinerary for the tour of India by a Commonwealth Cricket Team in winter this year

Some members of the Board requested the President to include Nagpur, Indore and Gujerat in the itinerary and a Sub-Committee was appointed to go into the matter The Sub-Committee consists of the President, Mr M G Bhave, Mr Z. R Irani, Mr H N Contractor, Mr P Gupta, Mr K S. Rang Rao and Col C. K. Nayudu

The Board accepted a proposal by the President to send Phadkar, the Indian all-rounder to England this summer for two months training under Alf Gover, the former Surrey fast bowler. Mr Phadkar will leave for England in May, after obtaining the necessary permission from his employers.

Among other things that came up for discussion before the Board was the question of Ranji Trophy matches The Board unanimously agreed to continue the Zonal system of draw in these matches.

The number of days of the matches is to be restricted to three days and if no decision is reached even in the first innings a spin of the coin will decide the winner The semi-finals will be played for four days and finals for five days If no decision is arrived in the five-day final, the Trophy will be kept with the previous years winners.

Commonwealth Team's Tour Itinerary

The following is the proposed itinerary of the Commonwealth Cricket Tour of India.

At Bombay 21-22-23rd Oct vs Indian Universities XI

At Patiala —28-29-30-31st Oct vs North Zone

At Delhi:—5-6-7th Nov vs Army in India.

11-12-13-14-15th Nov FIRST TEST

PAKISTAN TOUR

At Karachi:—19-20-21st Nov vs Sind

At Rawalpindi 25-26-27th Nov vs Army in Pakistan

At Lahore —29th-30th Nov vs Pak Universities XI.

3-4-5-6th Dec. vs. Pakistan XI.

At Peshawar —10-11-12-13th Dec vs West Zone

At Bombay 16-17-18-19-20th Dec SECOND TEST

At Calcutta 24-25-26th Dec. vs Governor's XI

30-31st 1-2-3rd Jan. THIRD TEST

At Jamshedpur 7-8-9th Jan vs Indian Industries XI

At Allahabad —13-14-15-16th Jan vs East Zone

At Hyderabad 20-21-22-23rd Jan vs South Zone

At Madras 28-29-30 31st Jan Feb FOURTH TEST

At Bombay (Triangular) 4-5-6-7th Feb India vs Pakistan

10-11-12-13-14th Feb Winners vs Commonwealth

In Ceylon 18-19-20th Feb vs Upcountry

24-25-26-27th Feb vs A Ceylon XI

4th and 5th Mar vs. Ceylon Schools

HOCKEY

Bombay Gymkhana Ground

5-30 p.m. Hindustan Aircraft. Bangalore vs. G.I.P. Railway A

Association Ground

5-45 p.m. Grey's 'C' vs City 'B' (Cordeiro League for Women).

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

5-30 Young Challengers vs. Globe S.C.

G.I.P. Ground Parel

4-40 p.m Kohinoor Mill vs. Bombay Metal and Alloys.

5-40 p.m. B.B. and G.I Rly B vs Dockyard 'C'.

BOXING

Cowasjee Jehangir Hall

9 p.m. Rangers vs. Goans (20th Century Clubs).

RS. 50,000 DONATION FOR GANDHI FUND

Proceeds From Festival Match In Bombay

Mr A S De Mello, President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, told a meeting of the Board today that a cheque for Rs 50,001 will shortly be sent to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, as cricket's contribution to the Gandhi National Memorial Fund.

Mr De Mello said that this amount had been collected during the Festival Match played in Bombay between the West Indies team and an Indian Eleven captained by Raja Maharaj Singh, Governor of Bombay.

AUSTRALIA'S GREAT CONFIDENCE IN SANDS

Syndicate Of Eight Willing To Back Him Against Turpin

SYDNEY, April 9 (PTI-Reuter): A syndicate of eight Sydney sportsmen are anxious that the Australian middle, lightheavy and heavyweight boxing champion, Dave Sands, should meet Dick Turpin for the British Empire middleweight title

Spokesman for the syndicate said today he has cabled Tom Maguire, manager of Sands, stating that they would back Sands for one thousand sterling if a title fight with Turpin could be arranged.

Failing a match with Turpin the syndicate is prepared to back Sands for the same amount in a match with any lightheavy weight boxer, bar the world champion Freddie Mills

The spokesman said, "we want to show Sands that the people of Australia are behind him. We venture to think that Sands will give Turpin a good kick in the pants".

By Board

ANOTHER CENTURY BY MANTRI

"Times" Shield Senior Division Semi-Finals

BOMBAY, Sunday:

M. K. Mantri, once again patiently chalked up another century. His 143 included 12 fours and three sixers. He was ably supported by C Fernandes, who made 53 runs. After the fine start the rout set in and A.C.C. were all out for 344 in today's semi-finals of the Senior Division of the Times's Cricket Shield with Jupiter Insurance Co

G R. Shrikhande was the bowler who was responsible for capturing four wickets for 73 runs. I. M. Moses captured three for 28 A.C.C. today added only 183 runs after the fall of two wickets yesterday for 161 runs.

Jupiter in reply have collected 40 for 1 wickets Y. Mendon and Shetty are not out with 8 and 12 respectively and the match will be continued tomorrow.

The following were the scores:—

A.C.C. SPORTS CLUB 344 (N. H. Colah, 77, M. K Mantri 143, C Fernandes 63, G. R. Shrikhande 4 for 73, Moses 3 for 28).

JUPITER GENERAL INSURANCE CO. SPORTS CLUB (for 1 wicket) 40 (Jukar 19, Mendon batting 8, Shetty batting 12).

TABLE TENNIS LEAGUE

Final Of III Division (North Zone) On Wednesday

BOMBAY, Sunday:

The final of the Bombay Provincial Table Tennis League in the 3rd Division, North Zone, will be played on Wednesday, 13th April, at the Hindu Gymkhana (North), between the United Youths' Association and G.I.P. Rly. Institute, at 6-30 p.m.

The following players will comprise the rival clubs:—

UNITED YOUTHS' ASSOCIATION: M. M. Samuel (Capt.) A. I. Shaikh and Zuhair Maniar

G.I.P RLY. INSTITUTE: Ragunath (Capt.), Jaganath and Rodricks

Wanderers' Club Wins Kanpur Hockey Title

KANPUR, April 9 (API): Wanderers' Club annexed the Kanpur District Hockey Championship by defeating the Reports Club by a solitary goal today. The game was well contested and each side had an equal share of attack. The only score of the match was scored in the second half by Wanderers inside-left.

Thousand Guineas At Newmarket Expected To Be A Two-Horse Race

ABERNANT AND STAR KING, EACH WINNERS OF SIX OUT OF SEVEN RACES WILL FIGHT ISSUE

LONDON, April 10 (PTI-Reuter).—The first of the Classics of the 1949 season, the 2,000 Guineas for Colts and 1,000 Guineas for Fillies, both run at Newmarket over a mile, are less than three weeks away.

As yet, there is little betting on the races. There is never very much ante-post wagering on the race for Fillies, but there is considerable interest in both especially as the two principal characters in the 2,000 Guineas Abernant and Star King, have raced in public during the last week. In neither case was either of the two colts really tested and both won with such pace that racegoers were given very little guide as to how these two "cracks" have wintered.

Star King was the first to go into action in the recently revived Greenham Stakes at Newbury.

This son of Stardust out of Impromptu gained a comfortable win but as the new course for this race is a little over seven furlongs against a mile before the War, no real indication of the Colt's stamina, or lack of it, was given, especially as he won unextended.

The sectere Rowley Mile at Newmarket is a very different proposition. At the same time, the price of the King which was five to one before the Greenham has been cut, and seven to two is the best general offer. This chestnut is still on the small side, about a hand smaller than Abernant, but he has grown up quite a deal since last year and filled out into a workmanlike looking horse His action is delightful.

While there appear doubts in the minds of some whether Star King, who is tremendously fast, will stay, his connections have no doubts as to his ability to get the Guineas Mile and are said to think he will also get the tough Derby mile and a half at Epsom

That is obviously not a general view as he is only about tenth in the list of Derby quotations

Abernant had his outing in the Somerset Stakes at Bath over seven furlongs. He had only to canter to beat a stable companion by two lengths, starting at the long odds of one to 25.

It was clear that this colt, who is a very dark grey indeed almost brown, was far from worked up but his trainer Noel Murless said after the race, he was well satisfied. He made this statement after having seen Star King in action at Newbury.

So little did Abernant have to race to win, that his time was eight seconds slower than that in which Tudor Minstrel won in 1947.

For all that, Abernant's price of six to four is almost as short as that at which Tudor Minstrel (eleven to eight) won the 2,000 Guineas. There is something of a resemblance this year to 1947, since, as on that occasion the Guineas, according to market opinion, is a two horse race. On that occasion Tudor Minstrel and Petition were the two colts in question.

The Bookmakers regard the race as being virtually a match between this pair and it is already four to six on one of the pair winning if you can get a reluctant player to let you bet at this price.

It is at present ten to one bar these two with the Gaekwar of Baroda's Makarpura and the two French colts, Fonenay and Amour Drake, on this mark. Abernant is a winner of six of seven of his races, losing by a head to the Potentate when making his debut at Bath last year.

The Potentate was favourite, so there is every reason to suppose that Abernant was not yet ready.

Star King has also won six of his seven races. His only defeat was last July. Many thought he had won. His trainer Jack Waigh thought he was a trifle unlucky.

The Official Handicapper, however, decided at the end of the season that Abernant was the better colt for the placed him two pounds above Star King in the Free Handicap.

All things being equal, it should be a great race between this pair on Newmarket's historic track on April 27

The very fact that Gordon Richards will be up on Abernant and Douglas Smith on Star King will add to the thrill, for they are both brilliant jockeys.

Which of the two French horses, Amour Drake or Fontensy, is the better fancied it is hard to say, but both are said to be colts who will give Abernant and Star King a hard fight Amour Drake is the Abernant of France and Fontenay is the Star King.

Amour Drake, a son of the Grant Admiral Drake, who has done so well as a stallion, is trained by Richard Carver who sent out My Love to win last year's Derby.

PAKISTAN'S STRONG POSITION IN 'TEST'

Declare 2nd. Inning At 474 For Nine; Ceylon 16 For 1

COLOMBO, April 10 (PTI-Reuter)—The Pakistan Cricket Team continuing their first innings today in the Second unofficial "Test" against Ceylon, batted practically the whole of the day and declared their innings closed with their score at 474 for nine wickets, Ceylon going in to bat the second time had lost one wicket for 16 runs when stumps were drawn for the day

A large holiday crowd saw Nazar (157) and Murrawat (90) resume Pakistan's first innings against the bowling of Wijesinghe and Zoysa when the match entered its third day today.

Twenty minutes after commencement of play Murrawat reached his century in 255 minutes. Thus far he had hit nine fours.

When he was 164, Nazar was dropped at second slip by Commarasswamy off Wijesinghe. But six runs later Nazar skied a ball to cover and Gunesekera took a well-judged catch. Nazar had given a stylish display during his stay of 328 minutes. His 170 included 22 fours.

His partnership with Murrawat which yielded 269 runs in 297 minutes was incidentally the highest ever recorded for the second wicket by a touring side in Ceylon. It also set up a new Pakistan record for the second wicket, beating the previous best of 205 established by Saeed and Imtiaz against the West Indies in last December.

Imtiaz sent up 300 of the innings in 328 minutes by steering Wijesinghe through the slips for four but with the addition of one run to the Pakistan total the same bowler had him caught in the gully. At the same total the Pakistan Captain Saeed was declared legbefore to Wijesinghe before he had opened his account.

At lunch Pakistan had made 349 for the loss of four wickets.

In the very first over after lunch, Maqsood was stumped by wicket-keeper Navaratne, when he had scored 26.

Anwar joined Murrawat and the latter chopping Wijesinghe for a 3 sent up 350 which took 390 minutes.

The pair carried the score to 377 before Anwar fell to a catch at point by Rodrigo off Wadsworth.

Fazal and Murrawat batted steadily and the latter reached his 150 in 400 minutes with a cut through the slips off Wadsworth for three.

CHANGE PROVES SUCCESSFUL

At 398, slow leg-spinner Abeysekera was brought on.

The change led to the dismissal of Murrawat who was given leg before. He gave a faultless display for his 164 which took 422 minutes of stolid batting. He hit 14 fours.

Four hundred was reached in 454 minutes when Fazal scored a single off Abeysekera.

The new ball was taken at 401. Coomaraswamy got two quick wickets. He bowled Khan for three and and had Chippa, the next batsman, caught by the substitute fieldsman at deep cover. Mohamed Amin and Fazal played out until tea, the score being 432.

Saeed declared the Pakistan innings closed at 474 for nine when the game was resumed after the tea interval.

The innings lasted 530 minutes

Derrick Saram and Rodrigo began the Ceylon second innings, with a first innings deficit of 163, to the bowling of Khan and Anwar. Then Fazal displaced Khan and Derrick Saram, the Ceylon captain who had made only four was clean bowled. Navaratne and Rodrigo played out time and at close of play the home team had scored sixteen for the loss of one wicket—147 runs in arrears.

SCORE-BOARD

CEYLON (First Innings)	**311**
PAKISTAN (First Innings)	
Alimuddin c Gunasekera b Coomaraswamy	 14
Nazar c Gunasekera b Coomaraswamy	 170
Murrawat lbw Abeyasekera	 184
Imtiaz c Rodrigo b Wijesinghe	4
Saeed lbw Wijesinghe	 0
Maqsood st. Navaratne b Wadsworth	..26
Anwar c Rodrigo b Wadsworth	4
Fazal not out	 65
Khan b Coomaraswamy	...3
Chippa c substitute b Coomaraswamy	 8
Amin not out	5
Extras	 11
TOTAL (for 9 wkts. declared)	.. 474

FALL OF WICKETS:— 1,28, 2 297, 3 301, 4 301, 5 349, 6,377, 7,398, 8,408, 9 426.

Bowling Analysis

Wijesinghe	48	12	144	2
Coomaraswamy	35	13	81	4
Jayawickrema	20	10	27	0
Wadsworth	36	9	66	2
Zoysa	41	10	84	0
Gunesekera	11	2	44	0
Abeysekera	5	0	17	1

CEYLON (Second Innings)

Derrick Saram b Fazad	 4
Rodrigo not out	8
Navaratne not out	1
Extras	3
TOTAL (for 1 wkt.)	 16

Inter-Village Hockey Tournament

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Inter Village Hockey Tournament end today, when Colvalle defeated Mapuca by two goals to nil.

Mr. Cyriaco D'Souza presided and distributed the prizes.

Colvalle got the better of Leo Pinto Mapuca's goalie on two occasions in the first-half through Britto and Albert D Souza.

Colvalle won this tournament for the second year in succession.

LUSITANIANS' LUCKY WIN OVER KALYANMAL

Aga Khan Hockey Tournament

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Lusitanians	2	Kalyanmals	0
Army Reds, Gwalior	1	B. E. S. T.	0

A less than mediocre goal-keeper who was unable to prevent some of the feeblest shots seen in this tournament from entering the net cost the formidable Kalyanmal Mills their match against the Lusitanians in the second round of the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament. Earlier in the evening the Army Reds from Gwalior accounted for the conquerers of last year's champions, the Kirkee United by the only goal of an aimless encounter.

The first half of the match between the Kalyanmals the finalists of two consecutive years and the Lusitanians was goalless. Almost on the resumption of the second half the local side forged ahead through what was a most fortunate goal. Woodcock receiving a through pass barely touched a ball which was almost beyond his reach. In deflecting the ball the stroke became so weak that not even Woodcock himself was prepared for the goal which resulted through the gap of the goal-keeper's pads, after having touched the inside edge of his right pad.

Strangely enough this lapse redoubled the already powerful attack of the Indore side. The front line became faster and a little more neat in their movements.

The pressure which the Indore quintette had maintained during the first session became intense and the Lusitanian defenders experienced considerable difficulty in keeping the ball out of their circle. The second goal was as surprising as the first. A timid and a half-hearted scoop from Woodcock off long corner crossed the goal-line much to the surprise of the Kalyanmal side and the delight of the Lusitanians.

A better half-line and a better front line helped the Kalyanmal side to keep up a sustained attack almost from the very commencement of the match reducing the raids of the Lusitanian forwards to only some sporadic occasions. Durga Prasad in the pivotal position, long past his best now, still kept the front line busy with shrewd passes, which were however, not quite exploited to the full.

The return of Gendalal on the losers' right wing had no effect on the attacking potentialities of the Kalyanmal side. Gendalal had good speed but he was starved so completely that his hard and accurate centres could not exploite at all. The left wing, however, played a vital part in piercing the defence. Champalal assisted by Pillay at inside-left had some good moments but the anticipation of Walter D'Souza in the deep defence prevented many occasions which might have turned out to be dangerous.

The Lusitanian forwards were almost never impressive. There was no player who played a good attacking game and the front line had much of its terrors reduced by Durga Prasad who often came to his side's rescue.

The Kalyanmals had a very fine opportunity of equalising when they were a goal in arrears, but a really great attempt by Pillay who scooped the ball just over the top of the net failed to reach home.

The second goal put much of the heart out of the Kalyanmal side and they were content to keep the ball rolling during the remainder of the match.

The teams:

Lusitanians— S. Menezes; S. Dias and W. D'Souza; F. De Gama, P. D'Souza and M. Vaz; L. Vaz, L. Woodcock, A. Saxby, J. Rodrigues and C. Braganza.

Kalyanmal Mills— Babban: Munir and Akhtar Hussein; Dadoo Ram, Durga Prasad and Rozario; Gendalal, Prabhu Dayal, Santoo Ram, Pillay and Champalal.

Earlier in the evening the BEST wasted a penalty bully awarded when the rival custodian fouled in the ring and went down tamely to their rivals the Army Reds from Gwalior who obtained the only goal of the match through centre-forward Chitnis.

The teams:

Army Reds, Gwalior—Khalil; Yusuf and Roman; Munir, Awasthi and Mushtaq; Bala, Baokar Chitnis, Kunzru and Ranga.

BEST— Azavedo; Pinto and Fonseca; Fernandes, Faria and Anwar; Ferrad, J. Fonseca, Bellappa, Kujappa and Alphonso.

TRADES SUCCUMB TO BOMBAY AMATEURS

Nadkarni Cup Football Tournament

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Trades were surprised this evening and they were forced to make their exit from the Nadkarni Cup Tournament in the second round. Bombay Amateurs were lucky to win by a solitary goal scored by Roy, right outer.

Trades still have the services of their star center forward Thomas, then the nippy Bhimrao and the over enthusiastic Parab. Narayan is back in their ranks, while Sanjiva, Govind and Manuel were their in the rear. Bombay Amateurs have the services of D. Mendon, Salian. Puthran and Shetty Worthy old time Tata Sports performers.

This is the first surprise of the football season in Bombay and we hope that Trades will improve to give their supporters some glimpses of past form.

Earlier, Globe Sports beat Young Challengers 'B' by three goals to nil in the Summersijill Football Tournament.

JUNIOR AGA KHAN HOCKEY

St. Stanislaus Win In Replay

BOMBAY, Sunday.

St. Stanislaus High School beat St. Sebastian's High School in the replayed Junior Aga Khan Hockey match for Schools. They won by the odd goal in three.

The Don Bosco's Junior string surprised Little Flower High School when they beat them by a solitary goal.

SCOTLAND SURPRISES ENGLAND IN SOCCER

Win Championship For First Time Since The War

LONDON, April 9 (PTI-Reuter): Scotland confounded the experts at Wembley today by thoroughly beating England and winning the International Championship for the first time since the 1938-39 season, when they shared honours with England and Wales.

Scotland fully deserved to complete their hat-trick of wins over the home countries this season, a feat they last performed 20 years ago.

Scotland had not won the championship outright since 1935-36, and hundreds of their supporters invaded the pitch and mobbed their heroes in jubilation when the final whistle sounded.

DR. SAHANI'S FUNERAL

LUCKNOW, April 10 (UPI): The 58-year-old world-renowned Botanist, Dr. Birbal Sahani, who expired yesterday, was cremated this evening just ten yards beyond the place where Pandit Nehru, laid the foundation stone of Dr. Sahani's Institute of Palaeobotany on April 3 last.

There was a sense of national tragedy in the air when the mortal remains of Dr. Sahani were placed on a specially erected platform in his politechnic institute.

The funeral was largely attended.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL BALKAN-JI-BARI

Rani Maharaj Singh Attends Entertainment Programme

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Her Excellency Rani Maharaj Singh this evening attended a children's gathering and variety entertainment programme arranged by the Bombay Provincial Balkan-ji-Bari at Kasarwadi Municipal Chawls, Dadar.

Rani Maharaj Singh congratulated the children of the Bari for their fine performance of the programme which consisted of Music, dance and drama. She said that the Bari was rendering valuable services by spreading the gospel of truth and inculcating sense of discipline among the children.

Rani Maharaj Singh was received by Lady Masani who presided over the function.

UMERKHADI CONGRESS CHIEF STABBED

Alleged Assailants Arrested

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Mowaji Jessobhai Rathod, President of the Umerkhadi Taluka Congress Committee was fatally stabbed by three persons on Friday night.

It is stated that Rathod returned home late on Friday night. While he was preparing to retire, three men pounced on him suddenly and inflicted three wounds. He was immediately taken to the J. J. Hospital where he died at 11-30 on Saturday night.

The Police alleged that Ratna Jetha, Dhana Nanji and Pelji Nanji, residing at Valpakhadi harboured an enmity against Rathod for a long time. Rivalry and enmity between them increased recently, culminating in the gruesome murder on Friday night. It is believed that Palji caught hold of Rathod, while Dhana and Ratna stabbed him.

Ratna, Dhana and Pelji, the alleged assailants were arrested by the Dongri Police today.

U. N. To Take Care Of International Refugees

GENEVA, April 10, (U. P. A.): The United Nations is about to tackle a new problem—the fact that it may have to take over permanent care of the world's "stateless persons"

The International Refugee Organization, set up by the United Nations to care for more than 1,000,000 refugees, created by World War II, will wind up its work in July, 1950. By that time, it hopes to have resettled or repatriated some 1,000,000 displaced persons.

People IN THE NEWS

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, April 10.

The Hon. Rajkumari Amrit Kaur has left.

The Governor of Bombay received Mr. H. R. Henderson.

Rani Maharaj Singh accompanied by Lady Jehangir visited the Kasarwadi Municipal Chawls, Dadar, to attend a function of the Bombay Provincial Balkan-ji-Bari.

THAKIN NU VISITING INDIA

NEW DELHI, April 11.—The Hon'ble Thakhin Nu, Prime Minister of Burma, is leaving Rangoon on a visit to New Delhi in response to a long-standing invitation of the Prime Minister of India.

He is expected to arrive in New Delhi on April 12.

MR. JAIRAMDAS DAULATRAM

PATNA, April 10 (API).—Mr. Jairam Das Daulatram, Food and Agriculture Minister left for Delhi today. He inaugurated the 25th session of the Bihar Co-operative Federation Congress here yesterday.

MR. KRISHNA MENON

LONDON, April 10 (PTI-Reuter).—Mr. V. K. Krishna Menon, High Commissioner for India in the United Kingdom, and Mr. S. Dutt, Additional Secretary to the External Department in India arrived in London by air last night from India On the same plane from India was Vice-Admiral William E. Parry, Chief of Staff of the Royal Indian Navy.

MR. P. S. K. RAJA

MADRAS, April 10 (API).—Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja, Premier of Madras, returned to Madras this evening after attending the Premiers' Conference in Delhi convened by Sardar Patel.

DR. GOPICHAND BHARGAVA

SIMLA, April 9 (API).—Dr. Gopichand Bhargava left tonight for Delhi. His visit to Delhi is believed to be in connection with the talks proceeding there regarding the East Punjab Ministerial affair.

MAHARAJA OF TRAVANCORE ..

NEW DELHI, April 10.—The Maharaja of Travancore is expected to arrive here in the course of next week for discussions with the States Ministry on the integration of Travancore and Cochin to form the Kerala State

Revolution In Film Industry

DANISH ENGINEER'S CLAIM

COPENHAGEN, April 10, (PTI-Reuter): Cinema audiences thought the world may soon be seeing the fulfilment of a 20-year old dream of the film industry if the claims of a Danish engineer are justified

The engineer, Egon Vendelboe Schriver claims to have invented a cheap, foolproof and easy method of three-dimensional stereoscopic films. "It will be like watching a scene through a window", is how the inventor described it.

Film experts believe that if Schriver's claims are justified, they will produce a revolution in the world film industry as that caused by the introduction of talking pictures.

The invention, as described by Mr. Schriver, consists of a special lens system fitted over an ordinary cine camera and a special plastic screen to replace those at present used. "The films can be shown through an ordinary cinema projector", he said. "The projected film is thrown on to a special plastic screen which gives a perfect three-dimensional effect.

"The method can be used for colour as well as for black and white films"

WORLD INSURANCE AGAINST WAR

Bedell Smith's Call For U.S. Military Aid

NEW YORK, April 10. (PTI-Reuter): Military assistance from the United States was the best international insurance against the threat of aggression, General Walter Bedell Smith, former American Ambassador to Moscow, said here last night. General Smith was addressing a crowd of two thousand at an Army Day dinner.

"The New York Times" said that as his speech was reviewed in Washington before delivery, it was regarded as an expression of United States policy in the International field

"It is impossible to escape the conclusion that the Soviet Union seems bent upon hastening what it considers to be the inevitable triumph of Communism throughout the world," General Smith said. "It has already engulfed some of its small neighbours and elsewhere it appear to seek economic anaemia and political strife that will bring about chaos and revolutionary conditions necessary for the spread of its doctrines.

"Meanwhile it is poised behind its Iron Curtain with a formidable military entity, breying on the fears of the free peoples of Europe.

"Confronted with such a situation, it is difficult to visualise the peoples of Western Europe taking any action other than to group themselves together for mutual defence".

BETTER FOODGRAINS FROM RATION SHOP

Delhi Asks Provincial And State Govts. To Pay Special Attention To Quality

NEW DELHI, April 10. (UPI)—Comprehensive measures to eliminate causes of consumers' complaints against the quality of foodgrains supplied from the ration shops have been suggested in a recent communication addressed by the Government of India to all Provincial and State Governments.

The communication urges upon the provincial governments to pay special attention to the quality of foodgrains supplied and advises that under no circumstances should sub-quality grains be mixed with normal grains.

Food grains suffer in quality due to the following causes.

(1) Initial procurement of grains of a doubtful quality

(2) Deterioration during storage.

(3) Deterioration or admixture while grain is held in ration shops.

The communication emphasises that provincial governments should take special care to see that common acceptable varieties of grains are procured as far as possible.

As regards imported grains, it is stated that most of them are of a fair average quality, although a certain percentage may have some admixture or weevilling. This cannot be avoided as in any contract of purchase of foodgrains the grains offered cannot be rejected merely because there is some admixture or weevilling. In such cases the purchaser has to accept the grains subject to allowance for defects in quality, unless the defects are such as to render the grains unfit for human consumption. The best method of disposing of such sub-quality grains is to isolate them completely and offer it to the public at cheaper rates with clear indications about their qualities.

Most important, however, is protection during storage, and the provincial governments have been advised to take utmost precaution against deterioration at this stage. Blue prints of standard designs for a grains storage and detailed instructions regarding the machines suitable for cleaning grains have been given. Each Provincial Government has been asked to maintain adequate technical staff and sufficient reserve of chemicals to fumigate grains the moment they show signs of deterioration and they have been assured of the Centre's help by way of technical assistance, equipment and fumigant.

DON'T MIX SUB-QUALITY GRAINS WITH NORMAL VARIETY

In spite of the best efforts to preserve foodgrains during storage, the communication says, a certain quantity of foodgrains may deteriorate. Although the quantity of such sub-pality grains will be small, if adequate precautions are taken during storage the communication advises that under no circumstances should sub-quality grains be mixed with normal grains. Such grains—if the deterioration is not harmful to health—may be issued to consumers at cheaper rates and separately, after a clear declaration of their quality.

The necessity of cleaning the grains before delivery to other ration shops has also been stressed. The grains should be carefully graded. Samples of normal quality grains should be exhibited prominently by all Russian shops along with the list of prices. Effective and frequent inspections of ration shops should be arranged and offenders severely punished. Consumers societies, with a view to avail of the co-operation in maintaining the quality of rationed foodgrains should also be encouraged.

"AZAD PATHANISTAN" MOVEMENT GAINS GROUND

Afghan Nationals Leave Pakistan

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, (by Air mail). Continued strained relations between Pakistan and Afghanistan is the talk of the town today, all over the Dominion.

Afghan Nationals are seen migrating cag and baggage to their country lest the Pak-Afghan relations abound take a turn for the worse and they be detained as 'intro-columnists'.

Even the Afghan Embassy officials stationed in the Pakistan Capital have started their journey homewards but no announcement has yet been made of breaking off diplomatic relations between the two countries although signs for the same are clearly visible on the Pak horizon.

The war of nerves carried on by Kabul and Pakistan Radios against each others' country is being continued with full vigour and if such state of affairs are allowed to be continued for long, one can easily guess that both these Governments will soon come to logger-heads, although there might not occur a direct conflict on account of the Pan-Islamic tendencies as ultimately the fact that both the countries are Islamic is bound to weigh with each other.

"AZAD PATHANISTAN" MOVEMENT

As is quite known today, the present conflict between these two Islamic countries is based mainly on Pakistan having formed Wazirstan areas in the North Western Frontier Province in contravention of the pledge given to Afghanistan that they will not resort to such a force at any time. Pakistan has denied, even though denied, that no such pledge was ever given by anyone on behalf of the Pakistan Government and that dealing with the Wazirstan or any other area in the Pakistan territory east of the Durrand Line was their internal affair in which no other country, howsoever influential, had any right whatsoever to dabble or interfere. Anyway, the present conflict has resulted in strengthening the demand for "Azad Pathanistan" put forward by Frontier Gandhi Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and his followers soon before and even after the establishment of Pakistan.

DEMAND FOR PORT IN PAKISTAN

Afghanistan has revived its original demand for a port from the Pakistan territory as an outlet for its free trade with foreign countries. In this connection it has been given out that at present all foreign goods imported by Afghanistan land at Karachi port with the result that Afghanistan is paying to the extent of about two lakhs of rupees daily to Pakistan by way of customs duty alone on such goods. This customs duty, though refundable as soon as the goods pass-out of the Pakistan border, is not refunded for months together with the result that huge amount of Afghan money is unnecessarily detained by Pakistan and used for its own benefit.

SEEKING INTERVENTION OF U. N.

Any way, the eyes of the world at large are today focussed on this conflict between the two Islamic countries and the suggestion to refer this whole question for settlement to the United Nations seems to be getting momentum though each country seems to be watching as to who takes the case first to this International Body.

NO WEAK SPOTS IN YUGOSLAVIA

BELGRADE, April 10 (PTI-Reuter): M. Lazar Koltchevski, President of the Government of the Yugoslav Federal Republic of Macedonia, said here today those who thought Macedonia was a weak link in the federal chain were wrong. "There are no weak spots in Yugoslavia," he declared.

ATLANTIC DEFENCE

U. S. Military Aid To W. Europe May Take Time

(From Reuters Diplomatic Correspondent)

LONDON, April 9 (PTI-Reuter): An integrated Atlantic defence system and the supply of United States military aid to Western Europe following signature of the Atlantic Pact last Monday, will take some time to achieve, Western diplomatic observers here consider.

The time this will take will depend on the speed with which the United States Congress approves the Pact and the financial appropriations needed to make it fully effective.

Deliberations in the United States Senate may last well into the summer.

The Atlantic Powers meanwhile, will undoubtedly start joint planning and co-ordination of defence.

The new sense of security in Western Europe resulting from the signing of the Pact made it possible for the Foreign Ministers of the United States, Britain and France to tackle the German problem afresh in Washington and to make real headway.

The economic aspect was largely cleared up at the Three-Power London talks which ended just before the signing of the Pact.

Difficulties over setting up the proposed international authority to control the industrial output of the Ruhr, now appear to have been cleared away.

BERLIN DEADLOCK

There is no indication that the three Foreign Ministers during their Washington talks have considered the Berlin deadlock, or have discussed in detail possible Soviet reactions to the Atlantic Pact.

The Western Plan seems to be to step up the airlift to Berlin and wait for some fresh Soviet move before embarking on any fresh attempt to solve the deadlock.

The Western diplomatic observers here see at the moment little sign of any strong Soviet reaction—apart from diplomatic notes and an intensified propaganda campaign—to the Atlantic Pact, either in Berlin or elsewhere.

The view is still widely held that Russia is increasingly concentrating on the internal problems of the Soviet sphere and that the release from Ministerial posts of M. Vyacheslav Molotov and M. Anastas Mikoyan was intended to serve this end.

Hungary Rejects Anglo-US Protest

BUDAPEST, April 9. (UPA)—Hungary has rejected Anglo-American protests against its alleged peace treaty violations and countered them with a charge of United States practices of racial discrimination, it was disclosed today.

Budapest newspapers reported that Hungarian replies to American and British protests of April 2 were handed to their representatives in Budapest yesterday.

The Allied notes had charged that Hungary violated the Human Rights clauses of the Hungarian Peace Treaty.

The Hungarian reply charged the United States had violated the Hungarian treaty by not returning looted goods to Hungary, by refusing to extricate Hungarian "war criminals" and by co-operating with "Hungarian reactionery conspirators who attempted to overthrow the Republic".

GREEK ORDER

ATHENS, April 10 (PTI-Reuter): Greek Government Ministers were today empowered to mobilise all civil servants who have been on strike for four days and who fail to report for duty tomorrow.

"MOST VALUABLE ASSET OF NATION"

Nehru Assures State Training To Children

NEW DELHI, April 10, (U. P. I.): An assurance that everything possible would be done to look after the children of India and that full opportunities would be given to them to grow and progress was given by the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, while addressing a largely attended meeting held in New Delhi this evening, under the auspices of the Women's Section of the Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation, to observe the "Women's and Children's Day".

Pandit Nehru said that children were the most valuable asset of the country and that the Government could not neglect that important task of taking proper care of the children.

In the course of his brief speech, Pandit Nehru reminded the children that they were sons and daughters of a great country and that they would have to undertake great tasks of heavy responsibility: they should therefore equip themselves mentally and physically for these stupendous tasks by making full use of the training would be provided to them by the State.

Concluding, Pandit Nehru exhorted the children to learn whatsoever they could. He said: "You must try to learn new things, whether you are at play or in the class room".

The meeting was attended by a large number of refugee children and women living in Government homes. Prominent among those present were Mr. Mohan Lal Saxena, Minister for Relief and Rehabilitation, Mr. N. Gopalaswami Ayyangar, Dr. John Matthai, Mr. K. Santhanam, Mr. Satyanarain Sinha, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani, Mrs. Rameshwari Nehur Lady B. Rama Rao and members of the Diplomatic Corps.

JAP MISSION FOR LATIN AMERICA

MEXICO CITY, April 10, (PTI-Reuter): Japan, anxious to expand her foreign trade, is investigating the possibility of regaining some of here prewar markets in Latin America.

At the same time, the Allied authorities in Tokyo are studying what products Latin America can offer to help Japanese industry and replenish the Japanese bread basket.

For these purposes, a special mission of the Supreme Command of the Allied Powers, (CAP) in Japan, is to make a survey of the possibilities of trade between Latin America and Japan.

After a brief stay here, it is continuing its journey south through Latin America to explore the possibilities of trade exchanges between Japan and the Spanish and Portuguees speaking American Republics.

10 Killed And 51 Injured In Punjab Express Derailment

(Continued from Page 1)

8. Jasodha, maid servant of Babu Sarvadaman Shah, Shiupur.

9. Asok Kumar, son of Shiu Pershad, aged 4 years, Narain Park, Shiupur.

10. Kumar Shah, aged 2 years, son of Ratangar Shah, Narain Park, Shiupur.

The names of those who were injured will be published as soon as this information is received.

ALLEGED SABOTAGE

"Sabotage is suspected", said the District Magistrate of Banaras in a Press Note this evening on the Punjab Express derailment.

The Press Note stated: "A serious railway accident occurred at 3-20 hours this morning when the 18 Down Lahore Express was derailed just after it had crossed Varuna Bridge within the Cantonment limits of Banaras. The last two bogies remained standing on the embankment but the next three capsized. Two of the latter carried Class Three passengers and the third, Upper Class passengers. One of the Third Class bogies went down the embankment and was smashed to matchwood. Sabotage is suspected.

"Medical aid from the Indian Military Hospital and from the King Edward Hospital was rushed to the scene of accident. First aid was rendered to the injured who numbered about forty. Ten people were killed comprising five women, three men and two children. A relief train removed the other passengers to Banaras Cantonment Station. The injured were sent to hospital and 28 were admitted for treatment while five were discharged after receiving attention."

EYE-WITNESS ACCOUNT

Somnath Behere, a Clerk of the Banaras Municipality who was travelling in the bogie which was reduced to pieces, told the A.P.I. that the train was running behind the scheduled time. It had reached Fyazabad one hour late. The driver of the train, he said, appeared to have made up 45 minutes between Fyazabad and Sheopur in a run of about 118 miles. The train was running quite fast after it had left Jaunpore. As it crossed the Barun bridge, he heard a terrific crushing sound and the lights went off.

All the persons travelling in the bogie were thrown in different directions, Behere said. He was thrown off the compartment about twelve feet down the embankment. Four bodies were found lying under the debris there, while two or three had been crushed under the wheels. He, however, escaped with minor injuries.

Another passenger, who escaped with five other members of his family including a boy of five, said that just after the train had passed over the Baruna Bridge, he heard a grating sound. His bogie tilted, the luggage kept on the upper berth toppled over him and he heard a big crash. He himself was sandwitched between two planks and was later saved by other passengers.

Members of a rescue party described how a six-year-old boy was found trying to extricate his father from the debris of the ill-fated train. The victim's palm was pressed hard under the side of a bogie. The rescue party freed the man who lost all the fingers of one hand.

NO ROOM FOR ALIEN POWER

Indians In Europe Urge Country's Exit From Commonwealth

WHITLEY BAY (Northumberland), April 10 PTI-Reuter): The Indian students scientists of Great Britain and Europe concluded their five-day conference here today after adopting a series of resolutions dealing with India's attitude to the Commonwealth, colonial and racial questions and world peace.

In resolutions on the political situation, the Conference reiterated the "inalienable right of the Indian people to form a free, independent and democratic Republic of India" and urged the Government of India to take immediate steps necessary to implement it.

The Conference asserted that India "in keeping with her professed Policy of neutrality, must go out of the British Commonwealth of Nations and must not allow any foreign power to exercise any undue influence, economic, political or military."

"The Conference also pledged its full support" to the non-European people of the Union of South Africa in their struggle for full democratic right "and urged the Government of India" to champion the cause of the Indians in South Africa with increased vigour at the United Nations Organisation and all international and Commonwealth conferences.

"The Conference further demands of the India Government that India must not join or lend her support in any way to any regional pact formed with a definite aggressive design and through which any aggressor may want to make India its base of aggression against the South-East Asian peoples struggling for freedom" it was added.

KARENS REPULSED AT INSEIN

Attempt To Break Through Government Lines Foiled

RANGOON, April 10 (PTI-Reuter): Burmese Government troops today repulsed Karen insurgents both at Insein, north of Rangoon, and in the Thazi sector near Mandalay, tonight's Government 'communique' stated.

But insurgents who occupied Padan and Tharawaddy, about 80 miles north of Rangoon, on Thursday, were today advancing northwards along the main railway line. They apparently planned to link up with other forces at Prome, 160 miles north of the Capital, where a new rebel administration, the "United Peoples Front", has been set up.

In fierce fighting at Insein, which followed the breakdown of peace negotiations, Karen tribesmen made several attempts to break through the Government lines but were driven back with "heavy casualties."

Burmese Air Force planes scored several direct hits on enemy concentrations in this area, the 'communique' added.

Karens were reported to have burned large stocks of ammunition in the Thazi sector before retreating southwards towards Toungoo, their stronghold in Central Burma, with Government troops in pursuit.

Last Nuremberg War Crimes Trial

NUREMBERG, April 10 (PTI-Reuter): Three black robed American judges will begin tomorrow to read the 800-page judgment in the 13th and last Nuremberg war crimes trial.

The judgment is nearly three times as long as any other since Nuremberg became the "trial city" nearly three and a half years ago, and is expected to take four full court days to read. Sentences will be pronounced late on Thursday night, to avoid announcing them on Good Friday.

The trial of 21 former German diplomats and ministers, which has taken 14½ months, will end the Nuremberg era.

BRITISH COUNTY COUNCIL ELECTIONS

LONDON, April 10 (PTI-Reuter): British Labour Party Headquarters announced tonight that the Party had so far lost 336 seats and gained 83 in current County Council elections.

These figures were for 55 of the 62 County Council elections in England and Wales last week. Final results are expected tomorrow afternoon.

The Government Party, with a net loss to date of 253 seats has now lost control of three important Councils—Middlesex, Essex and Northumberland.

SACHAR TO BE SWORN IN TODAY

Slender Chance For Composite Cabinet

NEW DELHI, April 10 (API): Mr. Bhim Sen Sachar, newly elected Leader of the East Punjab Congress Assembly Party, left for Simla tonight. It is understood that he will take the oath of office tomorrow.

No final decision had yet been arrived at regarding the personnel of his Cabinet.

Mr. Sachar and some of his supporters met Sardar Patel today and later called on the Congress President, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya with a view to consult them in the selection of the personnel and to secure their blessings to iron out differences within the party to install a stable Ministry it was gathered that there appeared to be slender chance for a composite Cabinet.

The Congress High Command was believed to be of the view that the whole matter must be examined by the Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee which was likely to take some time.

PATIL'S REPLY TO CRITICS

BOMBAY, April 10 (UPI): Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay and President of the B.P.C.C., accused the critics of the Congress of being jealous because they had failed to wangle any office under the present dispensation. He was speaking at a reception given in his honour in Bombay today.

Mr. Patil added that these critics had clean-forgotten that the Congress stood for certain principles and ideals, which could not be jeopardised merely to find some comfortable jobs for them.

SYRIA TO RESUME TALKS WITH ISRAEL

New Leader Envisages Closer Ties With Turkey

DAMASCUS, April 10, (PTI-Reuter): Colonel Husni Zaim, Syrian Army leader who took over country's Government in last week's "Coup d'Etat", said today that truce negotiations with Israel, will be resumed on Tuesday.

A message from Tel Aviv said General William Riley, United Nations Chief of Staff in Palestine, was meeting Israeli Premier David Ben-Gurion today, when he was expected to ask the Israeli Government to "avoid prejudicing negotiations by military movements".

ENQUIRY COMMISSION SET UP.

In Syria, Colonel Zaim has issued a decree forming a five-man Enquiry Session, including a judge and an army officer, to investigate cases of "misuse of power, abuse of influence, and illegal wealth".

Another decree sets up a temporary Advisory Council to collaborate with Zaim until the new elections.

Dr. Farid Zeineddine, Minister-designate to Moscow and former United Nations delegate, had been nominated as Foreign Adviser.

Colonel Zaim said today that Syria had decided to establish closer relations with Turkey.

ABDULLAH'S FAITH IN SYRIAN UNITY

AMMAN, April 10 (PTI-Reuter): King Abdullah of Transjordan, father of the Greater Syria Plan, said today he still considered Syrian unity a "national necessity" but believed that the Palestine problem should be settled first.

In a Palace statement issued here today King Abdullah said "co-operation with the present Syria is the only step contemplated until the Arabs generally express their verdict. The King considered that last month's Syrian Coup D'etat when Syrian Army Chief Colonel Husni Zaim seized power from Shukri Bey El Kouatly, indicated the "desire of the Syrians to build their state on a solid foundation."

The Palace spokesman, who summoned reporters to hear the statement, said that the envoys which King Abdullah sent to the Syrian capital after the COUP carried his congratulations and assurances of his desire for co-operation with the new regime.

NO CONFIDENCE IN VINDHYA PREMIER

NEW DELHI, April 10 (UPI): A no-confidence motion against Avadesh Pratap Singh, Premier of Vindhya Pradesh, was adopted at an emergent meeting of the Vindhya Pradesh Provincial Congress Committee held in New Delhi today. 26

MAXIMUM SELF-RULE FOR W. GERMANY

3-Power Decision To Retain Control In Reserved Fields

BERLIN, April 10 (PTI-Reuter): Western Germany was today promised the maximum degree of self Government possible while occupation continues, in accordance with the new Occupation Statute agreed by the British, French and United States Foreign Ministers in Washington last week.

The statute, whose provisions became known today, promised full legislative, executive and judicial powers to federal State and Lieader (provincial) authorities outside the fields in which the occupying powers reserved authority. The text was handed to the President of the Constituent Assembly at Bonn today, and the Ministers President of the eleven West German states.

AUTHORITY TO LEGISLATE

The statute, which was agreed by the three countries' Foreign Ministers in Washington last week, allowed the German authorities to legislate and act even n reserved fields provided they first obtain Allied approval.

The Occupying Powers guaranteed to respect the civil rights of all individuals.

The Three Powers under took to review the statute with in eighteen months of its effective date, with a view to extending German judisdiction.

The Three Powers reserved full authority in disarmament and demilitarisation, including scientific research, restrictions of industry and civil aviation.

They retained control over Ruhr industry, restitution, reparations, decartelisation, trade discrimination and Foreign Affairs.

In internal affairs, the Occupying Powers reserved control only as far as required to ensure the use of funds, foods and other supplies so as to reduce to a minimum Germany's dependence on outside assistance.

HANDLE FOOD PROBLEM ON WAR EMERGENCY LEVEL

Jairamdas Stresses Importance Of Co-operative Organisations In Effective Planning

PATNA, APRIL 9 (API): MR. JAIRAMDAS DAULATRAM, INDIA'S FOOD AND AGRICULTURE MINISTER, TODAY URGED THE COUNTRY TO DEAL WITH THE PROBLEM OF FOOD "ON A LEVEL OF WAR EMERGENCY."

The former Governor of Bihar, who was inaugurating the 25th session of the Bihar Co-operative Federation Congress here, declared that just as war led to concentrated effort to supply adequate ammunition and more than adequate food and cloth, and other necessaries for those who were on the battle front "so also we should deal with the problem of food on a level of war emergency, make a supreme effort to conserve, earmark and make easily available in the countryside all the requisites of agricultural production namely, iron, steel, cement, coal, seeds, manure etc., to enable the civilian soldiers to attain timely success on the nations' food front".

Mr. Jairamdas said that agricultural production could be speedily solved only through democratic planning at the village level and by execution also at the village level. "The overall plan can be a tentative plan, but life, flesh and blood can be given to it only by adapting the plan on the village basis."

INSTRUMENT FOR PLANNING

The best instrument for effective planning, he said, would be some kind of co-operative organisation, which pooled the intellectual and material resources of the village population.

This rural organ of co-operative effort in the field of production must pulsate with life and vigour if the masses of India had to enjoy a higher standard of living and the country as a whole had to break through the present vicious economic circle. Both the interest of the individual cultivator and of the nation as a whole, necessitated an immediate programme of maximum production. The un-co-ordinated efforts of millions of individuals and the wholly insufficient service which the State's administration was at present able to render them would not achieve this end; rural organisations of multi-purposes character had to be as numerous as the organisations of State administrations. "Revenue officers, police stations and educational institutions were spread widely in the land, but wider should be the net work of panchayats or othe units of joint effort if much had to be attained in a brief time", Mr. Jairamdas said.

IMPORTANCE OF CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES

"It would be a great thing achieved if the organisation of multi-purpose, rural co-operative societies, is given as much primary importance in the daily programme of Provincial Governments, as maintenance of law and order or other basic duties of the State". Mr. Jairamdas stated.

"In normal times such a claim for priority would be a controversial issue but the nation is confronted with emergent tasks dealing with the life and functions of our rural masses. The abnormality of the situation demands abnormal decisions regarding the priority of our programme."

Mr. Jairamdas wanted that the extension of some form of co-operatives should become one of the major and urgent items in the programme of the Government. He pointed out that, apart from the economic reasons, there was also the advantage that co-operative organisations on a sound basis led to less risk of corruption and bribery.

Referring to the Government of India's decision not to import foodgrains after 1951, the Food Minister asserted that even without the necessary facilities and guidance, the peasantry of India could produce far more than the country needed. He pointed out that Japan produces three times as much rice per acre as India.

"Even if we produce twice as much rice and wheat per acre, we in India can maintain twice our present population".

NO REASON FOR FAILURE

Mr. Jairamdas said that the theory that India had more population than she could feed or sustain had been advanced on the assumption that they would not be able to produce more.

"Our nation has achieved success in other big problems. Why should we fail in achieving success in this?" he asked.

In this great endeavour, the Food Minister said, the peasantry would need day to day guidance and stimulus and aid.

"This can best be achieved through a network of co-operative organisations the local Governments can play in this matter a determining role and help to create this type of machinery where it does not exist. The situation demands that organisation of co-operatives in all our villages should become a front line item in the programme of every provincial and State Government."

Mr. Jairamdas said without adequate procurement, increased production would not effectively meet the situation. In this field also co-operative organisations could play a great and useful role.

INTER-PROVINCIAL COLLABORATION

It was becoming more and more appraent, Mr. Jairamdas added, that inter-provincial collaboration and co-ordination in the ever-expanding field of co-operation was a great need of the moment. Whatever final form such collaboration might assume, he said, "we should begin to look upon the co-operative movement as of great national value in shaping the economic and cultural life of our masses. Wisely used, it can, not only raise the standard of life of the rural people, but also be a great force for constructive action in rebuilding a New India of happy prosperous villages."

Mr. Jairamdas said that Bihar had already achieved substantial success in the field of co-operation and hoped that the province would raise "a fine structure of an ideal co-operative movement permeating every sphere of life of the rural population."

New Objective And New Outlook

Dr. Syed Mahmud, Bihar Development Minister, in his presidential address to the Congress said that in free India the co-operative movement had a new objective and a new outlook. In the words of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru the new co-operative society would be "the basis of an integral rural economy".

Dr. Syed Mahmud, emphasised the importance of removing illiteracy. He said that for proper appreciation of co-operative principles the liquidation of illiteracy of the masses was essential.

He gave a three-point programme of work for co-operative societies in Bihar to be completed in one year firstly, every member of co-operative societies should be made literate. Secondly, in addition to the three-lakhs compost pits every member should make his own compost pit. Thirdly, each member should plant and preserve at least one quick growing tree and one fruit tree.

Stop Press

RATIFICATION OF CZECH TREATY WITH BULGARIA

SOFIA, April 10 (PTI-Reuter).—Czechoslovakia and Bulgaria today exchanged ratification instruments of the mutual assistance treaty signed between the two countries. The Czechoslovak delegation was headed by Prime Minister Antonin Zapotocky.

PREPARE COMPOST FROM TOWN WASTE

BOMBAY, April 10 (API).—The Government of Bombay on the advice of the Central Manure (Composts) Development Committee propose to introduce a legislation to compel municipalities in the province to prepare compost from town waste.

The object of the legislation will be to make it a primary duty of municipalities to make provision for the disposal of night soil and rubbish and to convert, if so required by the Government, such night soil and rubbish into compost manure.

BHAKRA DAM WILL BE SECOND HIGHEST IN WORLD

NEW YORK, April 10 (PTI-Reuter): Sarup Singh, Chief Engineer of the Bhakra Dam, an irrigation project in the East Punjab, left here by air yesterday for India after studying water conservation works in the United States.

Mr. Singh said that ten million dollars would be spent in the United States for construction equipment for the Bhakra project. The Bhakra Dam will be 650 feet high making it the second highest in the world.

The entire scheme will cost 300 million dollars and is designed to irrigate 7,500,000 acres.

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NAS-286

Export-Import Bank's Loan To India

U. S. MAY GRANT REQUEST FOR 76 MILLION DOLLAR AID

WASHINGTON, April 10 (UPA).—Informed sources said today that the United States Government would probably grant India's request for a $76 000,000 Export-Import Bank loan and also would support an Indian desire to borrow $200 000 000 to $300,000 000 from the International Bank.

India just had asked for an Export-Import Bank loan during the past week. An earlier desire for an International Bank loan led to sending a mission to India to study the situation in that country. The Mission has now returned and the matter is being considered. The prospects for a World Bank loan were described as good.

U.S. DESIRE TO ASSIST INDIA

One United States official, who chose to remain anonymous, said that "during the past there has been a greatly increased understanding here of India's vital role in Asia", and added that this had been accompanied by an increased desire on the part of the United States to be of assistance to India in solving its economic problems.

Other official sources said that both political and economic reasons appeared to be motivating the increased official United States interest in India. They added that the important role played by India in the United Nations had also brought greater attention in Washington to her problems.

COTTON PRICES

E. I. C. Association's Statement

The following statement is issued by the Board of the Directors of the East India Cotton Association Limited in order to clear any misunderstanding arising out of certain remarks recently attributed to an Official of the Textile Commissioner's office in regard to the present cotton control prices.

It is contended that the present control prices are Rs. 100 per candy higher than they were under the previous control.' This is incorrect inasmuch as while the floor price of the basic jarilla 2 4 inch has been increased by Rs. 45, the ceiling has been increased by only Rs. 70 per candy as the following table will show.

Ceiling

	Jarilla Surat		Injab 289F	piand	Coompta	Floor for basic cotton at a discoun. of
Press communique d. 27-3-43 (fair prices indicated by Govt.)	550	750	760	-	740	
1943-44	550	750	760	742	740 - 150	
1944-45	590	645	690	590	590 - 240	
1945-46	590	645	660	590	590 - 180	
1946-47	590	645	660	580	590 - 180	(subsequently reduced to Rs. 100 - by raising the floor to Rs. 430 - (De-controlled from 19-1-48.
1947-48	530	645	660	580	630 - 100	
1948-49	600	715	760	650	700 - 125	Floor for basic cotton at a discount of

It will be obvious from the above table that although the ceiling price for basic Jarilla has been raised by Rs. 80 from the 1943-44 level (which was the first year of cotton control), there has been a reduction of Rs 35 in Surats, Rs 90 in Uplands and Rs 40 in Coomptas, whereas Punjan 289F cotton GROWN IN THE UNION OF INDIA is unchanged. The Official Spokesman does not explain why medium and long staple varieties, for which there is such a consistent demand from the Indian mills, have been sought to be discouraged.

If, as the Government of India are anxious, Indian mills should take up Pakistan cotton even at the prevailing high prices by contributing (on Mr. T. B. Dalal's own showing) Rs. 187-11 by taxation to the Pakistan Government, why grudge an increase to the Indian cotton grower, which will help to stimulate production of medium and long staple varieties which are so badly needed by the Indian mills? As against the present price of Sind N. T. of Rs. 1,030 the ceiling for Surat 7 8 inch is Rs. 715 only.

As regards 289F, the Pakistan growth of this quality sells at Rs. 1,000 as against corresponding ceiling of its counter-part (grown in East Punjab) at Rs. 805. This again is the ceiling price for Bombay delivery so that the price available to the grower of this cotton is correspondingly further reduced. This is an obvious omission in comparing the relative return to the grower of 289F in Pakistan and East Punjab.

But fundamentally the very comparison of the present ceiling rates with the ceiling rates prevalent during the war years indicates confused thinking and can be misleading. During the war years the structure of ceiling price was devised in the light of circumstances then prevailing, i.e., burdensome supplies of cotton in India and in fixing the Floors and Ceilings for the 1944-45 season the Government frankly confessed that the purpose underlying their policy was to produce cotton only to the extent that such cotton was wanted. The other purpose underlying their policy was to avoid having to buy in large quantities at the floor levels, and for this reason the floors were reduced by Rs. 50 as will be seen from the table above. The Government's present objective in the light of the circumstances now prevailing should in ordinary common sense be entirely different, i.e., to stimulate production of cotton and particularly of better varieties in India which calls for a radically different outlook and policy from that which was followed during the war years and continued upto now.

If the explanation given by Mr Dalal correctly reflects the Government motive during the current season, the Government have obviously been misled as the policy appears to have been based on a misunderstanding of the position and improper appreciation of the actual facts of the situation. It is for this reason that there has been continued demand from commercial bodies from the very start that the official policy must be revised.

RISE IN WHOLESALE PRICES

NEW DELHI, April 10 (API): Wholesale prices as measured by the official index registered a rise of 22.1 per cent during the year 1948 according to a review of the movement of commodity prices for the year compiled by the Economic Adviser, Government of India. The general index in December 1948 was 382 6 as against 314 2 in December 1947 and the peak was reached in July 1948 when it stood at 389.6.

All the five groups of the general index, namely, food articles, industrial raw materials, semi-manufactures, manufactured articles and miscellaneous, showed increases.

BURNT ALIVE ON BURNING GHAT

BENARES, April 10 (API): A person, while fast asleep near the cremation Ghat here on Friday night was burnt alive. It is stated that he was tied to his bed and his clothes were then sprinkled wit kerosene oil.

People from neighbouring houses rushed to the spot on hearing heart-rending shrieks. He was rushed to hospital where he died.

GRAIN PRICES STRENGTHEN

CHICAGO, April 9. (UPA): Grain prices strengthened at close but activity was light as traders waited Government crop report due after close of April 11.

Wheat closed one-half to 1-3/8 cents higher.

Closing prices included:—

May	2.17-1/4-3 8
July	1.94-1.94-1/4
September	1.93-1 2
December	1.95-3. 8-1 '4

COTTON STOCKS FROZEN IN C. P.

Ban On Sale For 30 Days

NAGPUR, April 9, (A. P. I.): All cotton stocks in the Province have been frozen and dealers have been asked not to dispose of their stocks for a period of 30 days without the written permission from the Cotton Controller of the area, the Deputy Commissioner of the district concerned.

An amendment has been made accordingly to the Cotton Control Order which became operative from March 14 last.

The amendment, which came into force today will enable the Controller, in consultation with the Textile Commissioner to fix the prices of various types of cotton before stocks are allowed to be sold to textile mills.

DYES AND CHEMICALS

(FROM CHAITABHOJ K. MAVJI.)
BOMBAY, April 8.

SAPHOLS.

Saphtol CAS	7/-
CBO	14 8
CSW	14/-
CBO	11 14
Fast Scarlet CKBC Base	6 14
Fast Scarlet CKBS Base	9 8
Fast Red CB Base	10 4
Fast Red CKCB Base	9 8
Fast Garnet CKGBC Base	3/-
Fast Yellow CGG Base	7/8
Fast Corinth CB Base	6/10
Fast Orange CGG Base	9/8
Fast Orange CRGB Base	7.8
Fast Bordeaux GGP Base	10.-
Fast Bordeaux GGP Salt	4/8
Fast Scarlet CKB Salt	2/10
Fast Blue CB	3/8

DIRECT COLOURS.

Direct Black Extra	3/4
Direct Green Extra	4/4
Direct Violet Extra	5/4
Direct Yellow 4GL	11 12
Direct Sky Blue Extra	7, 4
Direct Rubin	5/-
Direct Orange Extra	6/8
Direct Brown	4/8
Diazo Black Extra	3/14
Chrysophenine Extra	10.-
Benzopurpurine 4B	4/-
Congo Red Extra	4/-
Turquoise Blue G	11, 8

SULPHUR COLOURS.

Sulphur Black 692	1/11
Sulphur Black 992	1 5
Sulphur Black HK Grains	1 5
Alizarine 20 p.c. Paste	145.-
Alizarine 100 p.c. Powder	8.-
Mathylene Blue Extra	5.-
Metanil Yellow Elephant	2 8
Metanil Yellow Extra	4, 8
Methyl Violet Lumps	4, 4
Punkaj Magenta MCK Lump	7.-
Magenta Extra O	8, 4
Diamond Green	8 -
Bismark Brown Extra	3 4
Malachite Green Crys.	3 8
Chrysoidine Extra	4.-
Auramine Extra	5 8
Acid Orange Extra	2 2
Soap Green	18.-
Acid Scarlet	4/-
Rhodamine B Extra 500 p.c.	18 -
Kumkum Scarlet	5.-

VAT FAST DYES.

Vat Blue GCD Powder	40.-
Vat Blue RSN Powder	36/-
Vat Dark Blue BO	24.-
Vat Brilliant Green B 900	35.-
Vat Olive Green B B Power	20 -
Vat Brilliant Green B 2100 Powder	80 -
Vat Gray Powder	20/-
Vat Brown	20/-
Vat Magenta B Powder	40/-
Vat Yellow 5G	45.-
Vat Violet 2R & 4R Powder	60.-

PRINTING COLOURS

Printosol CO	16/-
Printosol CO4B	14 8
Golden Yellow	60/-
Printosol Green Paste	36,-
Rapid Red	18,-
Orange	18/-
Yellow	18.-
Indigo 50 p.c. Grains (American)	3 12
Indigo 60 p.c. Grains 1 Lb. pkg.	4,8

CHEMICALS

Hydrosulphite of Soda	0, 14/8
Bisulphite of Soda	50/-
Turkey Red Oil	45 -
Monopol Napthol Soap	48 -
Soda B.carb	19/-
Silaric Acid	140/-
Soda Ash Light USA	15/-
Ammonia Bycarb Powder	46/-
Ammonia Chloride	46/-
White Sugar of Lead	98/-
Tri Sodium Phosphate	64/-
Nitrate of Soda	40/-
Bleaching Powder	18 8
Sodium Sulphide American	32/8
Sodium Sulphide Indian (Small)	40/-
Sulphate of Alumina (Pure)	16/8
Aniline Salt	0/14
Bichromate of Potash	150/-
Caustic Soda 1 Lb. pkg.	0/8
Caustic Soda 450 Lbs. pkg.	26/-
Acetic Acid	0/13
Formal De Hyde	0/6/6
Zinc Dust	75/-
Borax Crys.	21/12
Brown Sugar of Lead	97/8

End Of U.S. Steel Shortage Seen

PRODUCTION EXPECTED TO BE WELL ABOVE 90,000,000 TONS

WASHINGTON, April 8.

The last great shortage in the United States steel.—may come to an end within six months, according to U. S. steel industry spokesmen, if no serious interruptions in production occur.

Several unexpected developments recently indicate a greatly improved supply position, for 10 consecutive weeks steel plants in the United States have operated in excess of their rated capacity. There also has been a drop in orders for such essential products as freight cars. Consequently, the Department of Commerce, in view of the increased supply, has announced that the amount of steel allocated for essential uses would be gradually reduced. By June another 150,000 tons a month over the February figure will be available to non-priority customers.

U. S. UPS EXPORT QUOTAS.

The Commerce Department also has announced increases in the second quarter 1949 export quotas for eight iron and steel wire and sheet metal products, because of the improvement in the current supplies of these products. The increases range from 2,500 tons to 5,000 tons.

The eight products are electrical sheet, H. B. strip band and hoop, uncoated wire, galvanized wire, barced wire, woven wire fencing, wire nails and unspecified types of nails.

There have even been some price cuts. The first postwar decline in the price of zinc (from 17-1/2 cents to 16 cents a pound) was quickly passed on with lower prices on galvanised steel products. No 1 heavy melting scrap, which late last year brought a postwar high of dol. 43 a ton, sold at dol. 33 a ton at Pittsburg on March 31. This was the fifth reduction since January 1. Big supplies of steel scrap are now reported to be on hand.

What few precium prices for steel and steel products remain are gradually being dropped.

TREMENDOUS EXPANSION OF PRODUCTION.

The tremendous expansion of production—rather than flailing demand—is the chief factor behind the improved supply and price drops. Production of steel ingots last year amounted to about 86,500,000 net tons, compared with 79,700,000 tons in 1945 and approximately 67,000,000 tons in 1940. This year production is expected to be well above 90,000,000 tons, and might possibly reach the 95,000,000-ton level, given exceptionally favourable conditions.—U.S.I.S.

INCREASED PRODUCTION IN U. S. AND CANADA.

Increases in production in the United States and Canada, the report explained, have more than offset reduced output in South Africa.

In the same report the Fund stated that assets of the banking systems of all countries of the world have increased greatly since 1937. The most outstanding example is the fact that bank assets in the United States, the British Commonwealth and the countries of Europe involved in the war increased three-fold.—U. S. I. S.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, April 9.

S. S. BUEDA

From Aden: 314 bags Moong, 500 bags gram, 87 bundles copper scrap, 137 bundles brass scrap 31 bundles lead scrap, 40 bundles saji khar, 35 cases gum luban 25 bales cotton piecegoods.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S. S. BARPETA

To Karachi: 10 bundles tanned sheep skin, 5 bundles buffalo hides and 5 bales chrome leather—K. A. Aziz. 125 baskets bidies—S. Jiva. 150 baskets bidis—R. Maneklal.

S. S. JEHANGIR

To Jeddah: 16 cases aluminium wares—Jeewanlal (1929) Ltd. 15 bags papad khar and 58 bales cotton piecegoods—A. A. Kadar.

To Port Sudan: 50 bundles cassia lingea—M. Vandravan, 24 bales cotton piecegoods—C. Kasturchand.

To Aden: 26 bales unmanufactured tobacco—C. Ujamsbhoy 10 bags turmeric—V. Dharsi 51 bags turmeric—C. Amlalal.

S. S. VIRGINIA MAY

To Karachi: 2b cases art silk piecegoods—H. N. Ranjoonwala.

S. S. VARSOVA

To Karachi: 17 bundles bidis—K. Abbhay.

S. S. MARTIN CARL

To Karachi: 23 cases glassware—B. Devsi Ltd. 425 packages antimony—The Star Metal Refinery.

S. S. EMPIRE SPARTAN

To Antwerp: 200 bales raw cotton—G. Jagdambaprasad.

S. S. KAMPALA

To Mombasa: 14 cases brass and copper utensils—Renown Commercial Corp.

S. S. FLYING CLOUD

To Shanghai: 1,000 bales cotton waste—Sapt. Textile Products (India) Ltd.

Arrival And Departure Of Steamers

BOMBAY, April 9.

ARRIVALS

S. S. VALHALL from Calcutta with coal on April 9.

S. S. SHAHIN from Philadelphia with grain on April 8.

S. S. VICTORIA MARIE from Baddagara with general cargo on April 7.

S. S. CERINTHUS from St. John (Canada) with general cargo on April 9.

DEPARTURES

S. S. PROTECTOR for Ratnagiri with grain on April 8.

S. S. LIMBURG for Basrah with general cargo on April 8.

S. S. KARANJA for Durban with general cargo on April 8.

S. S. CALEDONIA for Glasgow with general cargo on April 8.

S. C. SOCOTRA for Hongkong with general Cargo on April 8.

World Gold Up Since The War

WASHINGTON, April 8:

World gold production has been constantly increasing since the end of World War Two, despite postwar declines in the Union of South Africa, the primary producer, according to a report of the International Monetary Fund.

The Fund said that although South Africa has shown a steady decline in annual gold production since 1942, all countries (except Russia, for whom sufficient statistics are unavailable) reported a total estimate of dol. 764,-000,000 worth of gold mined in 1947. This compares with the wartime low of dol. 742,000,000 in 1945.

The Fund's report indicates that 1948 production will exceed the previous year. Calculated at dol. 35 an ounce, the world-wide production peak was reached in 1940 when dol. 1,263,000.000 worth was mined.

STOCKS IRREGULARLY HIGHER

NEW YORK, April 9. (UPA): Stocks were irregularly higher in quiet trading on the New York Stock Exchange today. There was nothing in news to influence the market. Most of the investors held to sidelines but a favourable undertone prevailed.

Chairman Rawlein Warner of Pure Oil Company told stockholders that while 1949 earniers probably would be less than 1948, the company anticipated the future "with confidence." Ralph Damon, new President of the Trans-World Airlines, predicted that TWA "may emerge from the red ink this year."

Utilities were generally lower with all other sections participating in the irregular advance. Utilities experienced profit-taking.

Stock sales amounted to 380,000 shares and curb sales amounted to 110,000 shares. Turnover in bonds came to dol. 1,140,000.

Dow Jones average closings included: Industrials, 176.75; rails, 49.56; utilities, 35.74 and bonds, 98.62.

Closing prices included:—

STOCKS	April 10
Abbott Laboratories	—
Allied Chemicals	—
American Can	—
American Radiator	13 1/8
American Smelting	46 1/4
American Sugar	—
American Telephone	145 3/4
American Tobacco	68 1/8
Anaconda Copper	30 3/8
Bankers Trust	39 7/8
Bethelehem Steel	31
Boeing Plant	23 3/4
Canadian Pacific	12 3/4
Celanese	26 3/8
Chase National Bank	35 1/8
Chrysler	52 1/4
Consolidated Edison	23 1/8
Coty	3 3/4
Douglas Aircraft	61 1/8
Dupont	192
Eastman Kodak	46
Firestone Tire and Rubber	
General Motors	37 5/8
General Electric	58 3/4
Gillette	30 3/4
Goodyear	43 3/4
International Nickel	28 3/4
International Tel. & Tel.	10 7/8
Lockheed	21 1/2
Nash Kelvinator	12 7/8
National City Bank	40 1/4
New York Central	12
Pennsylvania Railroad	15 3/4
Shell Oil	35 1/2
Southern Pacific	43
Standard Oil of New Jersey	69 1/4
Studebaker	18 5/8
Swift & Co.	30
Twentieth Century Steel	22 1/8
U.S. Steel	72 7/8
Warner Brothers	11 1/8
Westinghouse Electric	23 1/4
Brazilian Traction	—
Technicolor	12 1/2

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE

Small Price Changes And Quiet Trading Rule

NEW YORK, April 9 (UPA): Small price changes and quiet trading ruled cotton futures today on the New York Cotton Exchange.

Traders awaited developments on the new farm programme and ECA extension bill. After a steady opening prices held within the range of 20 cents per bale and finished unchanged to four points higher.

Influence of the proposed new farm programme as market factor was diminished. Traders believed that it would be a long time before Congress could thrash out a workable solution. Senate passage of ECA extension failed to excite much market interest.

Evening up in May prior to first notice day April 26 supplied most activity. May open interest declined to 725,800 bales and certificated stock was put at 31,169 bales.

Dealers did not expect aggressive mill demand for old crop due to slowness in textiles. It was thought that the mills would wait until cheaper new crop cotton becomes available in July.

The market finished the week one to 25 points higher than a week ago.

Closing prices included:—

DELIVERY	High	Low	Close
May	32.41	32.37	32.41
July	31.50	31.45	31.48 - .49
October	28.85	28.80	28.84
December	28.57	28.54	28.56
NEW ORLEANS			
May	32.25	32.22	32.24
July	31.45	31.42	31.44 - .45

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK April 9.

American Telephone and Telegraph	145-/34
Amerex Holding Co.	26-1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining	30-3/8
Chase National Bank	35-3/8
Sinclair Oil Co.	23-7/8
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co./bid	48-1/2
General Electric Co.	37-5/8
General Motors	58-3/4
Ingersol Rand	60-3/4
International Nickel	28-3/4
National City Bank of New York	40-1/2
New York Central Rail Road Co.	12
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-1/2
Texas Corporation	54-1/4
Union Carbide	37-7/8
U.S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	44-3/4
U.S. Steel Corporation Common	72-3/4
Western Union Telegraph	16-3/4

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, April 9.

U.S. Price of foreign Silver — closed

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, April 9.

Silver spot and forward both closed

Gold bars fine per oz cosed.

WORLD MERCHANT FLEET

Increase Of 18,000,000 Tons Since 1939

WASHINGTON, April 8.

The world's merchant fleet now totals 12,470 ships of 70,584,500 gross tons and 98,990,300 deadweight tons, the American Bureau of Shipping reports. This is an increase of more than 18,000,000 deadweight tons since 1939. The figures include only seagoing vessels of 1,000 gross tons or more.

Flying the flags of 34 nations are 1,112 war-built Liberty and Victory ships and tankers, transferred from American registry under the United States Merchant Ship Sales Act of 1946. The largest number transferred to a single country was 218 to Great Britain. Panama got 147, Italy 122, Greece 107 Norway 102, France 98, the Netherlands 84. A total of 96 vessels have been transferred to Central and South American nations other than Panama.

Under construction or on order in the world's shipyards are 1,160 ships of about 8,200,000 gross tons and 12,000,-000 deadweight tons. They are scheduled for completion within three years. About one-third of these will be tankers, half of which will be of 17,000 deadweight tons and over. About 18 per cent of the new tankers will be of 25,000 deadweight tons and over.

About 15 per cent of the ships are being constructed in American shipyards, which are building 72 large steel vessels of 2,000,000 deadweight tons. Of these vessels, 61 will be tankers, 54 of which will be of 26,000 deadweight tons or over.

In 1948, American shipbuilders delivered 24 vessels of 158,915 gross tons and 257,069 deadweight tons. Of the total constructed, 15 ships of 88,668 gross tons and 141,406 deadweight tons were for the account or operations of other countries.—U.S.I.S.

PARIS, April 9 (PTI-Reuter).—Prince Buu Loe, Principal Private Secretary to ex-Emperor Bao Dai of Annam, may receive representatives of the Indo-Chinese extremist autonomist leader Ho Chi Minh when he arrives in Indo-China early next week, sources close to the Prince said today.

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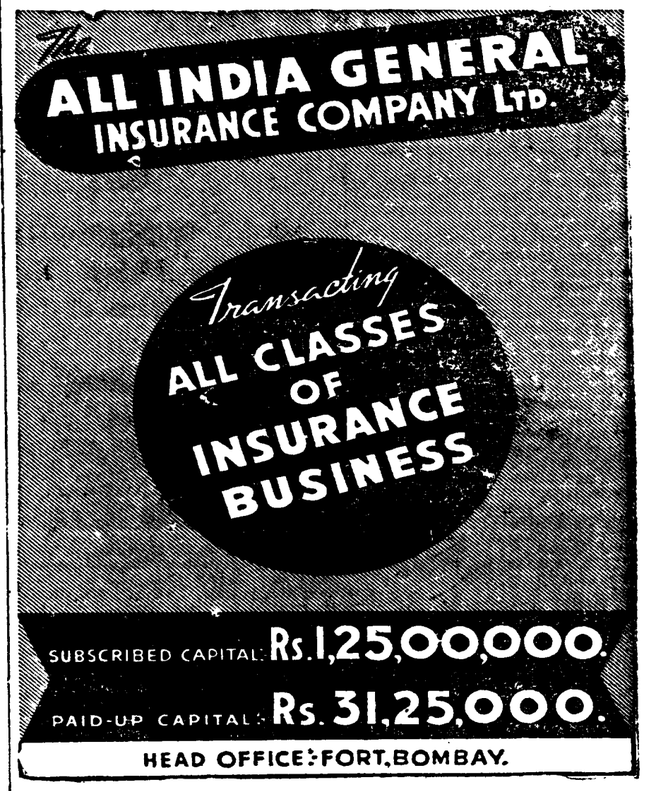

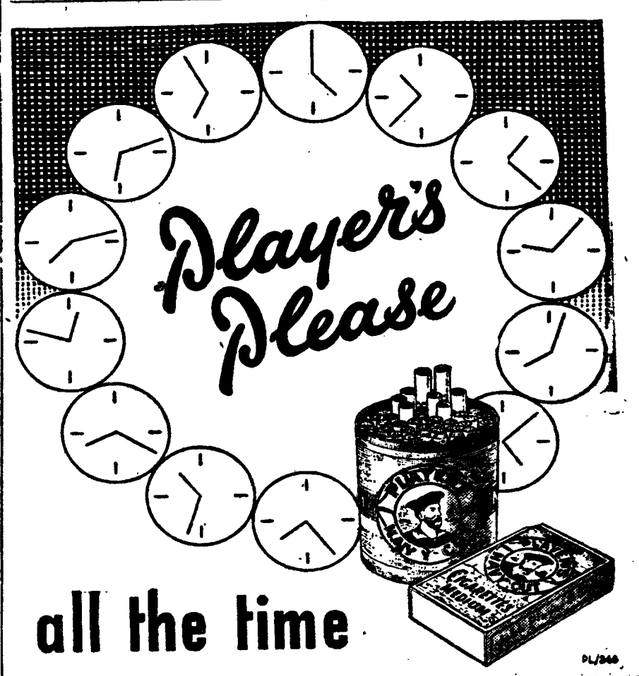

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Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

FODDER POSITION IMPROVES

Ahmedabad Collector's Statement

AHMEDABAD April 10 (API)—The fodder position in the famine areas has "recently improved greatly", said the Collector of Ahmedabad here to pressmen.

He added that three-fifths of the allotted quota had been received and now they had stored about one month's stock of hay

"Every step is being taken to see that no useful agricultural animals die of starvation", he said on Friday here, adding that "it is hoped that large majority of breeders cattle and milch-will be preserved"

The recent fire in Panchmahal forests, he said had contracted their grazing facilities there to some extent but this was being made up

FOODGRAINS POSITION

Regarding foodgrains position, the Collector said "the offtake of foodgrain is about 35 per cent higher than in rural areas. In addition to cereal ration, large quantities of gram and gram dal are being issued. Each labourer on scarcity works and each of his dependents is entitled to draw eight ounces of gram or gram dal per day. While the rest of the population is entitled to four ounces of gram or gram dal per day.

"Tagavi advances made from the beginning of the scarcity, he said, "have led to the digging of at least 4,000 new wells. Every possible assistance is being given to well owners", he added.

POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE AT BHAVNAGAR

To Start Work At High Pressure In June

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT (By Mail): Recognition has at long last dawned on the rising generation that self culture has become more and more of a necessity in the most brisk and giddy-paced times through which it is passing in Saurashtra, as elsewhere, of late. Under the pitiless pressure of break-neck competition the younger people have realised the importance of qualifying themselves more carefully than in the past to acquire that capacity and knowledge which alone will enable the minority having no aptitude for literary education to rise above the ranks of the plodding and drudging majority. Hence the spreading zeal for acquiring specialised instruction in oil technology, auto mobile and tractor engineering, refrigeration and air-condition engineering and textile technology to be imparted in the Bhavsinhji Poly-technique Institute which is scheduled to start working at high pressure at Bhavnagar in June next under the stewardship of Principal, H. D. Karamchandani.

The syllabus of studies has been spread over four years after the Matriculation, three years to be spent at the Institute and one year in an industrial concern or a manufacturing establishment. Provision has likewise been made for training the students for occupying key-positions in factories through a competent knowledge of applied economics business management and salesmanship.

Ample facilities have been wisely provided in the Institute for the trainees intent on studying the workshop machinery and laboratory instruments. Visual education is likewise sought to be imparted to students by means of a projector and talkie equipment.

SAURASHTRA'S MERGER WITH BOMBAY

Views Of All Parties Will Be Heard, Assures Dheber

RAJKOT, April 10 (API)—Mr U. N Dheber, Chief Minister of Saurashtra said today that when the question of merger of Saurashtra with Bombay arose, all parties in the State would be given ample opportunities to express their views

Mr. Dheber, who was addressing a press conference, referred to criticisms against the levy of incometax and said that Government proposed to spend 20 crores of rupees on development schemes during the next five years To find the money for the purpose, the Government had resorted to methods of direct taxation which fell on a class able to bear the taxes.

Mr Dheber disclosed that as a result of official discussions, a formula had been evolved for the payment of compensation by the Government of India to the Government of Saurashtra as compensation for customs revenues at Saurashtra ports taken over by the Government of India.

Senator Pleads For U. S. Aid To India

A RICH COUNTRY WORTHY OF HELP IT SORELY NEEDS

It Must Be Brought Into Councils Of Democratic World Organisation

WASHINGTON, April 9 (U. P. A.)

Senator Hubert Humphrey of Minnesotta, at the conclusion of three-week debate on the European Recovery Programme, today made a plea for "substantial" aid for India and "other Asian democracies."

IN A STATEMENT, HE SAID: "ALL THE REASONS FOR AIDING EUROPE APPLY TO ANOTHER COUNTRY—INDIA. INDIA HAS THE NEED. INDIA FOUGHT BESIDE US IN THE GREAT SECOND WORLD WAR. INDIA SHOULD BE BROUGHT INTO THE COUNCILS OF THE DEMOCRATIC WORLD ORGANIZATION WE ARE FORMING AROUND THE FRAMEWORK OF THE ATLANTIC PACT.

Not only is India a nation of ever increasing democracy, but her leaders today are among the great and wise men of our time. Finally, the threat of Communism and military threat of the Soviet Union has and may in future press hard down on the 300,000,000 peoples living in the Asia peninsula.

"India is an enigma. No one is sure what it happening, what to do about it or what will happen if we do nothing. There is no question in India. She is great and a rich country worth of our help and is needing it sorely"

Humphrey said that India had made great strides, but needs essential materials from dollar areas which she was unable to buy because of her unfavourable balance of trade with Western Hemisphere.

He said, "Because we are closing one eye and keeping the other facussed on Europe we have overlooked our good friends in India and in Asia where a real struggle for men's minds is taking place. In the alliance of free democratic peoples, India deserves an important position. While she has looked at herself as neutral between the great world blocs, she has found it neceessary to put down Communist riots and strikes and she is working towards a fuller democracy. And the more important is that India represents the free peoples of Southeast Asia. Militarily her position is on the front line against the Soviet Union.

"In maintaining Asian stability India is essential. India is not a question mark. In every way she belongs in he family of free nations. We must first recognise her needs as equally critical as European needs. Secondly, we must recognise India's legitimate interests and her grievances against us We must recognise the self-government aspirations of Southeast Asia colonies and avoid aid or comfort to those European nations who are now putting down revolts and attempts at self-government".

Indian Dancers To Be Televised

LONDON, April 9 (PTI-Reuter) Mrinalini Sarabhai and her Indian dancers will be televised during a public performance in London on Monday

It will be the first television broadcast from a West End theatre during an ordinary public performance since 1946.

The broadcast was earlier threatened by the opposition of the Society of West End Theatre Managers who pointed out that a ban had been imposed on televising public performances

Then BBC Engineers found that the St Matins theatre where the dancers are appearing, is wired for direct current whereas television requires alternating current.

Today an Estate Agent agreed to have alternating current run by cables from his premises next door.

SADHU DIES IN PIT DURING SAMADHI

BARODA, April 9 (API): A Sadhu, who had buried himself for observing 'Samadhi' for ten days "to attain permanent world peace" was found dead when the pit was opened last evening. Swami Sri Maheswaranand went into 'Samadhi' in a pit five feet long, four feet broad and six feet deep, made air-tight with cement, leaving instructions to open it on the tenth day. When the pit was opened last evening, tenth day of the 'Samadhi' the Sadhu was found to have gone into eternal 'Samadhi'.

WORLD GOVT. CRUSADE

India And Pakistan Suitable For Scheme

KARACHI, APRIL 9 (API): MR. HENRY C. USBORNE, BRITISH LABOUR MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT, TODAY, PROPOSED THAT AN ALL-NATIONS' ASSEMBLY SHOULD BE HELD IN INDIA OR PAKISTAN TO FRAME THE CONSTITUTION FOR A WORLD GOVERNMENT.

Mr. Usborne, who is General Secretary of the Crusade for a World Government, said EITHER COUNTRY WAS SUITABLE, AS INDIA AND PAKISTAN TOGETHER WOULD PROVIDE 400 DELEGATES on the basis of one delegate to represent each million of a country's population. He added that about 110 British Parliamentarians supported his scheme.

CLEAN AND GRADED GRAINS TO RATION SHOPS

Centre's Directive To Provincial Governments

NEW DELHI, April 10, (A. P. I.): The Government of India have asked all Provincial Governments to pay special attention to the quality of foodgrains supplied to consumers and have advised them that "under no circumstances should sub-quality grains be mixed with normal grains" according to a Press Note issued here today.

The Provincial Governments have been advised to take special care to see that clean and graded grains are delivered to the ration shops, the Press Note adds. Samples of normal quality grains should be prominently exhibited by all ration shops along with a list of prices. Effective and frequent inspections of ration shops should be arranged and offenders severely punished. Consumers' societies for co-operation, in maintaining the quality of rationed foodgrains should also be encouraged.

Each Provincial Government has been asked to maintain adequate technical staff and sufficient reserve of chemicals for proper storage. Assurance has been given of Centre's help by way of technical assistance, equipment and fumigant

INDIAN CONSTITUTION TO INCLUDE THAT OF STATES

States Consemblies To Function As Interim Legislative Assemblies

NEW DELHI, April 10. (API)—The constitution of Indian States is likely to form an integral part of the Indian Constitution as a result of agreement reached between the Government of India and representatives of Indian States, it is understood.

This will eliminate the need for each State debating and passing a separate constitution through its own Constituent Assembly. The States constituent assemblies will presumably function as interim legislative assemblies until new assemblies are elected under the new Indian Constitution

It is believed that the Indian Constitution, which is expected to be passed by August 15, 1949, will have a separate chapter devoted to the constitution of States just as in the case of the provinces.

One important effect of this decision will be that the difference in the status of provinces and acceding States will be further narrowed down. The constitution of States is expected to be more or less on the same lines as the provincial constitution. The heads of States will be Rulers instead of Governors as in the provinces.

CONVERTING CONSEMBLIES INTO LEGISLATURES

The question of converting States constituent assemblies into legislative assemblies for the States was settled by deciding to suitably amend the draft covenants.

Saurashtra Government have decided to participate in the Government of India's administrative services scheme, and in future Saurashtra Government officers will have to go through those tests.

The jurisdiction of the Federal Court on constitutional desputes between States and provinces and Central Government has been recognised by the Saurashtra Government.

The question of minor sons of Rulers was also discussed at the conference and a Committee has been appointed to devise means of managing the estates.

A formula has been devised regarding the position of States forces in the structure of the Indian armed forces, and is under consideration of Saurashtra Government.

Delhi To Guide States Administrations

RAJKOT, April 10. (API)—Two advisers, one with States Governments and the other with the Rajpramukhs of the States Unions are to be appointed, following the discussion held recently between the States Ministry and Premiers and Rajpramukhs of States Unions in New Delhi, it is learnt here.

The Government of India have decided to supervise, guide and control administrations in States with a view to bringing them on a uniform level with those of provinces.

The control of subjects other than Central subjects, will be exercised through the States Ministry and the Adviser, who will be States Government servants, will advise States Governments on the question of these subjects only.

WHEN WORRIED, GO TO A LIBRARY

CALCUTTA, April 10. (API)—The West Bengal Governor, Dr. Kailas Nath Katju, said last evening that a library of selected books was the best circle of friends that man or woman could have.

His Excellency who was presiding over the diamond jubilee celebration of the Chaitanya Library added: "Whenever you are disturbed, or worried about your own affairs or public affairs, go to a library and live in that atmosphere. Libraries form living contact between the living and the great dead".

Referring to ancient Indian culture, the Governor said that it must retain its distinctiveness under all circumstances. Indian culture had a dominant, real and active spirit behind it.

Increased Industrial Production In India

15 PER CENT RISE OVER PRE-WAR LEVEL: BETTER RELATIONS BETWEEN CAPITAL & LABOUR

NEW DELHI, April 10. (API)—NEW DELHI—SURVIVING THEATRES OF COUNTRY—WIDE STRIKES, INDIA HAS ENTERED ON THE NEW YEAR WITH INCREASED INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, ESTIMATED AT 15 PER CENT ABOVE PREWAR LEVEL.

A GENERAL SURVEY OF LABOUR AND INDUSTRIAL CONDITIONS IN INDIA REVEALS A DECREASE IN STRIKES AND INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES IN 1948, COMPARED WITH THE PREVIOUS YEAR, AND A SUBSTANTIAL GAIN IN THE NUMBER OF MAN-DAYS ON INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION.

IT IS BELIEVED THAT, IF THE PREVAILING GOOD RELATIONS BETWEEN LABOUR AND MANAGEMENT CONTINUES IN THE COMING MONTHS, INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION IN INDIA WILL REACH NEW HEIGHTS DURING 1949.

INDUSTRIAL - TRUCE RESOLUTION

An epidemic of strikes embracing all industries threatened to undermine production towards the end of 1947 but Indian leaders faced the crisis with courage and statesmanship. A concerted tri-partite effort was made leading to the passing of the Industrial Truce Resolution which was accepted by Government as the basis of their industrial policy.

In pursuance of this understanding, Government has constituted a Central Advisory Council of Labour consisting of representatives of Governments, employers and workers. The Council is charged with the duty of evolving a scheme for the determination of fair ages to labour, fair return on capital employed in industry and for regulation of relations between employers and labour.

TRIBUNALS

As the main object of the Industrial Truce Resolution is to promote better relations between management and labour, Government settled about establishing industrial tribunals to adjudicate on industrial disputes. Two such tribunals were appointed, one at Dhanbad, the centre of mining industry, and the other at Calcutta.

The Government also appointed Works Committees in industrial establishments employing more than one hundred workmen.

The question of industrial housing, to which workers attach greater importance, has been under the consideration of Government for some time past and, proposals for an integrated country—wide scheme of industrial housing have already been worked out.

LOAN TO BOMBAY

A loan of Rs. 20,000,000 (£1,500,000) been sanctioned for the Government of Bombay, a highly industrialised province, and considerable progress has been made with the housing scheme. The Ministry of Labour has also set up a Coalmines Labour Housing Board to undertake the construction of 50,000 houses for miners in coalfields.

A number of other measures have been taken by Government to improve the condition of the working classes. Among these are: the Employees' State Insurance Act of 1948, providing for health insurance, maternity and employment injury benefits as well as medical care for over two million workers.

The Factories Act, 1948, placed on the statue book last year, which incorporates several new provisions relating to safety, health and welfare of workers.

MINIMUM WAGES ACT

Steps have also been taken for the implementation of the Minimum Wages Act passed early last year.

The immediate legislative programme of the Ministry includes three important measures: the Labour Relations Bill which encourages negotiation and collective bargaining before the declaration of strikes, amendment to the Indian Trade Unions Act and modernisation of the Mines Act so as to bring them to conformity with the Factories Act.

The efforts of Government to bring about amelioration in the condition of labour have already yielded good dividends in the shape of less strikes involving smaller number of workers and reduced loss of man during the past year.

Thus, in 1948 strikes and lockouts numbered 1,684 as compared with 1,811 in 1947, while the man-days lost were reduced to exactly half that of the previous year, 8,037,532 compared to 16,562,666.

CALCUTTA, April 9 (UPI): The Government of India has sanctioned an annual grant to rupees five lakhs to the Indian Statistical Institute, Calcutta from the current financial year, 1949-50, a considerable portion of which, it is understood, would be spent for statistical research work.

LUCKNOW UNIVERSITY COURT ELECTION DISPUTE

Jawahar Listed Among 27 Defendants

LUCKNOW, APRIL 10 (API): PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU, PRIME MINISTER, WHO IS ONE OF THE 27 NEWLY ELECTED MEMBERS OF THE LUCKNOW UNIVERSITY COURT, FROM THE DONORS' CONSTITUENCY, WILL FIGURE AS A DEFENDANT IN THE CASE FILED BY PANDIT PRITHVI NATH BHARGAVA, IN THE COURT OF THE CIVIL JUDGE, LUCKNOW, PRAYING FOR A TEMPORARY INJUNCTION AGAINST THESE MEMBERS.

At yesterday's hearing of the case, the Counsel for the University contended that the plaintiffs' case should be dismissed on merits.

The judge after hearing the plaintiff's counsel ordered that notices be issued to all the 27 members, and they be made parties to the case. The case was adjourned.

Pt. Prithvi Nath Bhargava, member of the Lucknow University Court, and former Chairman of the Lucknow Municipal Board, filed a suit on April 2, in the Court of the Civil Judge, Lucknow, against the Lucknow University, through its Vice-Chancellor, praying that the elections of the 27 members elected from the Donors' Constituency on March 31 last, to the University Court, be declared null and void, and should not be given effect to under the University Act and Statutes and Ordinances framed thereunder.

Pt. Bhargava had also filed an application for issuing temporary injunction against the University authorities restraining them from recognising the election of the said members and restraining those members from acting as members of the University Court.

Depressed Classes Association Annual Session Postponed

GWALIOR, April 9 (API): Mr. Jagjivanram, Labour Minister, Government of India, being indisposed, the annual session of the All India Depressed Classes Association which was scheduled to meet on April 12 and 13 at Gwalior has been postponed to May 7.

MIXED GRILL

SEATED in comfortable chairs and sipping warm tea we heard a Bombay legislator tell us he had lost Rs 50,000 in a certain deal.

"I envy you".

"What do you mean? I thought you would sympathise with me".

"Well, how many people have Rs. 50,000.

Feeling that he might be affronted at such heartless talk and being in a mood to appease, we volunteered to pay for the tea. He brushed aside the offer. "I may have lost anything; but I am not broke", he said.

He was right. We know what it is to be broke. Who else should know as well as a member of the profession of scribblers? A man is not broke just because he has lost heavily.

To be broke is to have only an anna in the pocket and a hope in your heart that the boss will not give an assignment that cannot be managed by trudging;

To be broke is to board a tramcar armed only with a dud coin shrewdly calculating that the conductor may not notice you in the crowd.

To be broke is to miss your breakfast and come to office hoping to raise a loan for lunch—on the eve of pay day.

To be broke is to plan to get two shirts in June, when the two you have, give way in April.

To be broke is to spend away in advance the anticipated wage rise only to find you have moved into a higher income-tax slab and taken a bigger slash in the pay cheque.

To be broke is to carefully reckon that the grocer's bill and the milk man's bill will be shorter in February, only to realise suddenly, that it is leap year.

To be broke is to have a sure-fire tip whispered into your ear on the last racing day of the season and not have a tenner to back.

We know what it is to be broke—hopelessly, desperately broke. But I must confess we are broke only half the time in the month (except when out of job). The first first fortnight after receiving the pay packet, we are a gay crowd. It is only in the middle of the third week or so that we begin to wonder how long the next pay day takes in the coming.

..And now here comes along Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, confessing to a gathering of teachers that he goes broke on the fourth of the month.

He sure, is a wonder man. We hope when he speaks next he will let us into the helpful secret. How, really, does he manage for the remaining 26 or 27 days of the month?

WE WOULD PAY A LOT TO KNOW THE SECRET HOW—AND NO KIDDING, MR. KHER.

Grumbler

AEROPLANE CRASH

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, (By Mail).

A three-seater plane recently crashed while taking off near Wankaner Junction. Both the pilot and the passenger had a narrow shave and their lives were miraculously saved. The accident was caused by the plane colliding with a telegraph-polae hard by while taking off.

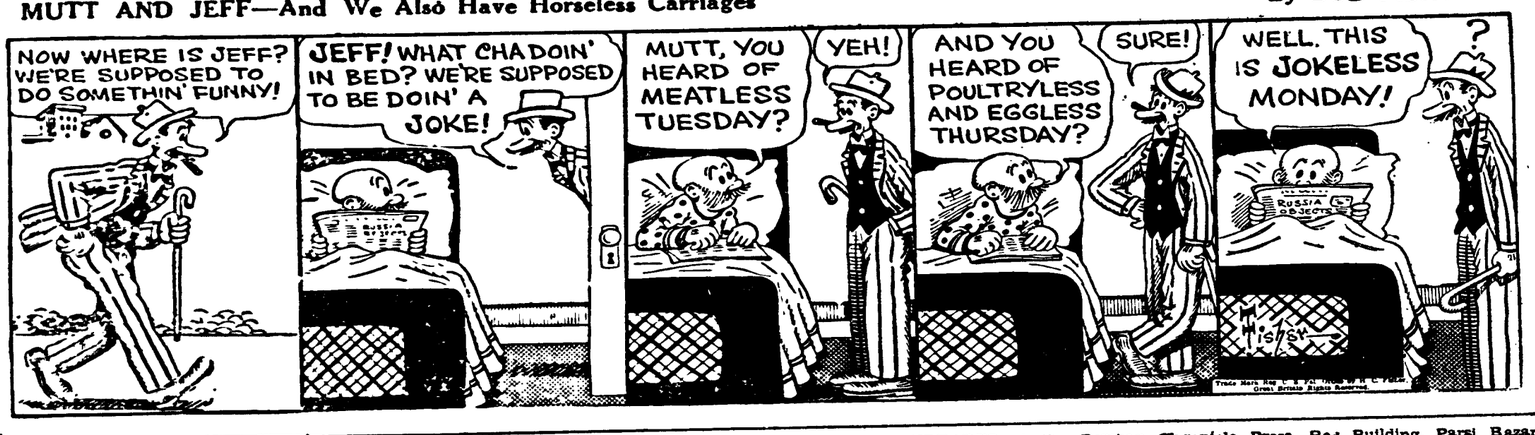
BOMBAY'S STREET-VENDORS

76. The Doodh-Bhaya

After your annual holiday, the Mail or the Express train may land you at the Victoria Terminus, during the rush hours of Bombay but you do not feel you are a part of this city unless you have sipped a cup of tea at an Irani's and dodged the ante-diluvian sling of the doodh-bhaya at the street corner. The electric train, the double-decker and the radio that have brought Bombay in line with some of Europe's modern cities have left this vendor who is a "walking institution", untouched. He has the courage to spread out those "handas" in the corridor of the first class van and sit at ease on the cushioned sofa, next to a "Saheb with a topee." If he is bored, this doodh-bhaya has no hesitation in regaling the crowd of passengers with verses from the Tulsi Ramayan which he knows by rote and which he recites at a deafening pitch. Living in the midst of the bovine species, from the early hours of the dawn till midnight, he leads a hardy life and is content without soap or clean dhoti because he cannot afford them. He is like the alarm clock to half of the city which wakes up at the first knock at the door from the doodh-bhaya and retires when he has left for his thatched colony near the stables, in a suburban village. He is frightened of many a nagging tongue among his clients but aqua pura is his last resort to increase the margin of profit and he will not hesitate to sneak quietly to a public tap, off and on, and palm off the liquid in the "handa" as pure milk.

MUTT AND JEFF—And We Also Have Horseless Carriages

By BUD FISHER


NOW WHERE IS JEFF? WE'RE SUPPOSED TO DO SOMETHIN' FUNNY!
JEFF! WHAT CHA DOIN' IN BED? WE'RE SUPPOSED TO BE DOIN' A JOKE!
MUTT, YOU HEARD OF MEATLESS TUESDAY?
YEH!
AND YOU HEARD OF POULTRYLESS AND EGGLESS THURSDAY?
SURE!
WELL, THIS IS JOKELESS MONDAY!
?

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